THE ATLANTA CONSTITUTION.

BY W. A. HEMPHILL & CO. | ATLANTA, GEORGIA, FRIDAY, JUNE 24, 1870. | VOLUME III---NUMBER 4

Evening Edition.

Atlanta, Georgia, June 23, 1870.

☞ It is probable that the Senate will reject the proposition to continue the income tax after 1870.

☞ Some manufacturers in Massachusetts are importing Chinese to work in their factories.

☞ Cheap food for man and beast, and fair crops of cotton, tobacco, sugar and rice, will give the South commercial and political strength.

☞ The man of leisure, able to travel for pleasure, the speculator and the trader, can travel all over the Union without discounting the currency he uses. But when the products of the field, the mines and the workshop are being transported to market, the laborer (the producer) pays a larger per centum for advances, commissions and freights than ever before in the history of the country.

Planters, Beware.

It is evident that there is a strong combination actively at work to "bear" the cotton market next fall, as well as to keep down the price of the staple on hand. The exaggerated reports of the breadth of land planted, and the estimates of an extraordinary yield so actively circulated at this time, are suspicious. If planters will have a care of their own interests, they will, by economizing and avoiding debt, be able next season to gore the "bears" of Wall street successfully.

☞ The anti-Grant wing of the Radical party speak of Judge Akerman as a third rate rebel and a fourth rate lawyer. If the unhappy Radical family go on at the *rate* they have been in their crimination and re-crimination, Grant and Judge Akerman will be fearfully *be-rated*. At whatever *rate* they and the opposing faction of their party may *be-rate* each other, the people are indifferent; for these latter are doing their own thinking, and have made up their minds not to trust either of them at any *rate* they may put upon themselves.

Weevil in Wheat and Other Grain.

The little insect known as weevil, if not destroyed or anticipated, is very destructive to wheat in all latitudes. In some latitudes, Indian corn suffers from its ravages.

This insect rejoices in moisture. If this exists in the grain at a certain temperature, the weevil hatches and breeds rapidly. Weevils are voracious, and though each individual is an almost insignificant mite, myriads of them in a very short time destroy the contents of a garner.

The best means of avoiding weevil is to thoroughly dry the grain and keep it dry. To this end, it may be spread out on sheets on scaffolds or on the ground and exposed to the sun. Every farmer should have a wheat-house, so constructed that upon any occasion he can roll or slide off the roof. Thus the grain may be exposed to the sun, and stirred, if necessary.

Improvement of Seed Wheat.

No graver error can be committed by the farmer than to risk his whole crop of wheat upon seed of a variety not acclimated in his locality. By care and attention in the selection of seed from the best stalks of successive crops of acclimated varieties in a few years, great improvement in the yield and quality of this grain will be realized.

A given variety of any vegetable may be improved by judicious selection of seed for planting. Crosses of two or more varieties upon each other may be successfully made by planting them in close vicinity, or by transferring the pollen from the blooms of one variety to those of another.

If half the attention were paid to the improvement of the seed used in planting any crop that is given to the breeding of animals, wonderful results would be arrived at.

Experiments in this direction could be made upon a small scale in the garden by any zealous agriculturist, which would repay him for his trouble as well as interest and amuse him.

Georgia News.

The 15th amendments in Macon light their fires with kerosene.

The Express horses in Columbus are decorated with fancy hats on their heads.

The Atlantic and Gulf Railroad have recently built at their works two new passenger cars.

The people of Fort Valley give a barbecue to Young America Fire Company, of Macon.

The Ordinary of Bibb county has issued $80,000 worth of bonds, but finds them slow sale.

Rev. Dr. Boring will preach the opening sermon at the Rome District meeting, on the 30th.

A hog was struck by lightning in Columbus, the other day, but not seriously damaged.

Mr. A. B. Bostick is to be appointed Supervisor of the Western Railroad, between Columbus, West Point and Selma.

The civil engineers of the Selma, Rome and Dalton Railroad are engaged in going over the line from Blue Mountain to Dalton, in order to perfect their work.

G. W. Lee & Co. have taken charge of Schofield's foundry and machine shop at Cartersville. John A. La Fontaine and J. R. Howell, the great millwright, are connected with the establishment.

Messrs. Grimball & Chaplin, at Savannah, have about completed a stable for the Savannah, Skidaway and Seaboard Railroad company, one hundred and five feet long and twenty feet wide, with what is called a self-supporting roof.

On Monday last the residue of cars, engines, etc., that were left at the old Southwestern Railroad shops, were removed to East Macon, where they will henceforth find a "local habitation" at the Central Railroad shops.

A bridge on Skidaway Island, near Savannah, gave way on Tuesday, and precipitated Colonel W. R. Symons and Mr. McAllister some fifteen feet into the bed of the stream, along with their mule and buggy. They were badly bruised but not seriously injured.

GEORGIA MATTERS.—*Washington, June 21.* It is reported here that Blodgett desires that twenty thousand troops should be sent to Georgia.

The President says he has no intention of withdrawing the nomination of Akerman.

Special to Macon Journal.

☞ A North Carolina paper advertises for printers who can read. It has had enough of the other kind.

City and Suburban Affairs.

THE party that visited Stone Mountain last night was a decided success. There was quite a number of gay beaux and beautiful ladies who went on that trip—all with the express determination to enjoy themselves. And never have we seen the desires of an assemblage so completely and fully gratified as on this occasion. At the King House they sat down to a royal feast, where, if they did not quaff the ambrosial nectar of the gods, they had all that the most refined appetite could desire.

All classes, shades and styles of loveliness were represented: the fascinating blonde, the captivating brunette; cheeks rivaling in color the lily or the rose, or both blended together in the pale pearly pink; eyes sparkling like diamonds and penetrative as lightning, or gentle and soothing as the meek gazelle; the opening bud and fully-expanded flower, all lent a charm and enchantment to the scene perfectly irresistible.

The belle of Augusta and the belle of Atlanta, who are warm personal friends, were present, and carried captive the hearts of the sterner sex "like fire from heaven, scarce seen so soon as felt." They string the quivering hearts of the young men drawn under the mesmeric influence of their winning grace, which, like sunshine, shed beauty all around, as the little girl does buttons on her charm string. Music, with its voluptuous swell, enlivened the hour, as many "tripped it on the light fantastic toe," to the witching hour of twelve.

Those who did not feel disposed to dance enjoyed themselves in other ways. Several ladies entranced the non-dancists with vocal and instrumental music really delicious, and thrilling the hearer with ecstacy and delight.

The party returned to this city at half-past two o'clock, this morning, satisfied with their visit, and expressing an earnest desire to repeat it at an early day.

Supreme Court of Georgia.

JUNE TERM, 1870.

Reported Expressly for The Constitution.]

Order of Circuits with the number of cases from each:

Blue Ridge Circuit	4
Western Circuit	1
Southern Circuit	8
Southwestern Circuit	17
Pataula Circuit	34
Chattahoochee Circuit	42
Macon Circuit	4
Flint Circuit	6
Talliposa Circuit	6
Atlanta Circuit	7
Rome Circuit	10
Cherokee Circuit	6
Northern Circuit	3
Middle Circuit	9
Ocmulgee Circuit	9
Eastern Circuit	4
Brunswick Circuit	5

MORNING SESSION.

ATLANTA, THURSDAY, June 23, 1870.

No 28, Chattahoochee Circuit, was argued. It is A. Gammell & Co. vs. W. K. Schley. Illegality from Muscogee.

Peabody & Brannon for plaintiffs in error.

Ramsey & Ramsey, Blandford, for defendant.

No. 29 was argued. It is Thos. Ragland, administrator, vs M. Barringer, et al. Assumpsit from Muscogee.

Peabody & Brannon, Smith & Alexander, for plaintiff in error.

Ingram & Crawford, R. J. Moses, for defendants.

No. 30 is R. L. Mott vs. Hall, Moses & Co., complaint from Muscogee.

R. J. Moses for plaintiff in error.

Peabody & Brannon for defendants.

It was called, but Court adjourned till 3 o'clock, P. M., before beginning the argument.

Chattahoochee Circuit will be concluded this afternoon.

☞ The Watchman and Reflector, of Boston, says:

"Acting on the principle embodied in President Grant's words—'Let us have peace'—the South soon must command the attention of capitalists; but never will she be able to do so should she attempt to renew that absurd political course which made her the slave of the sword."

The South is "the slave of the sword," is she? That is outspoken enough; and we are thankful for the candor which lets us know what we really are in the opinion of Massachusetts. When will the South be allowed to become—what she wishes to be—the subject of the Constitution?

PLAN FOR THE EXTINCTION OF THE PUBLIC DEBT.—The President has received from an individual belonging in California a plan for paying off immediately the public debt. He proposes a grand instrumental gift exhibition, to be held in some one of the centrally located cities during the last year of Grant's administration; 1,000,000,000 tickets at $5 each, gold coin, to be issued; the sum of $2,000,000,000 to be distributed as gifts in sums ranging from $100 up to $300,000,000, the remainder, after paying expenses, to be applied to the extinction of the debt and the building of a magnificent new national capitol in the most central part of the country. He assures the President that it would be a success; that it would raise us materially in the eyes of the world, and that foreigners would deem us the most progressive people in the world, and would exclaim, "Great are the people of the United States of America."

BY TELEGRAPH.

ASSOCIATED PRESS DISPATCHES.

Congressional.

WASHINGTON, June 23.—The Senate last night considered the Southern Railroad amendment for the land-grant to Decatur, Aberdeen and Vicksburg Railroad, which was rejected; yeas 20; nays 25.

Buckingham moved an amendment by striking out the provision for speedy extinguishment by the Government of the Indian land titles in Indian Territory. Adopted.

Several Senators remarked that there were no Indian reservations along the proposed line.

Various amendments were submitted and subsequently withdrawn. Among them was one offered by Morrill, of Vermont, authorizing railroads to be built anywhere, in any State, and by anybody, and granting for that purpose all lands not already taken by railroads. (Laughter.)

Casserly said the land-grant fever in the Senate amounted to a delirium.

On motion of Harlan, the 25th section of the bill was stricken out by a vote of 20 to 19.

On motion of Howard, the names of four additional incorporators were inserted.

Nye moved to substitute, in lieu of incorporators in the bill, the names of John C. Fremont and a large number of others. He advocated the amendment as reconciling certain differences connected with the work.

Howard thought that as the President of the Memphis and El Paso Railroad, Fremont had as much to do as he could attend to, he opposed any revision of incorporators. He criticised the conduct of General Fremont whilst in France, in regard to his management of affairs of the proposed Memphis and El Paso Railroad.

Senator Trumbull defended General Fremont.

Senator Howard then obtained the floor and held it until midnight, when the bill was made the order of business for Thursday evening.

Senate adjourned.

One-third of the navy is now afoat in the North Atlantic squadron, including three iron clads; and instructions will be given to Admiral Lee to protect American citizens to the fullest extent.

In the House the entire morning was occupied in the discussion of the apportionment bill as amended by the Senate. The previous question was moved, but failed to get a second, when a number of amendments were introduced.

The Georgia question is expected this afternoon.

The Judiciary Committee meet to-morrow to decide upon a report in Wood's case.

The Senate Committee on Foreign Affairs, on the Cuban resolution substantially proclaims belligerent rights to Cubans, and re-asserts the Monroe Doctrine.

Sumner made the report. It demands the immediate emancipation of slaves, and exacts other conditions from Spain. It is impossible to get the full import of the resolutions, yet they cause much excitement and some astonishment.

NEW YORK, June 23.—A new edition exchange will be organized on Friday.

The elevated railroad machinery gave way, dismounting the passengers along the line. None hurt.

HAVANA, June 23.—Foreign and native Free Masons were released, upon bond to appear before a military court when wanted.

ATLANTA PRICE-CURRENT.

[CORRECTED DAILY.]

CONSTITUTION OFFICE, ATLANTA, June 23, 3 o'clock, P. M.

Corn is light local demand this morning. Business generally inactive, and dull at quotations. Merchants are enjoying "easy" times, so far as trade is concerned.

COTTON.—Market dull at 18 for middlings; 17 for low middlings; 16 for good ordinary, and 15c for ordinary. Receipts light.

MONETARY.—Gold buying at 1 11; selling at 1 12. Silver buying at 1 05; selling at 1 10. Exchange on New York buying at par; selling at ¼ premium.

GROCERIES.—Corn meal 1 50, by car load, 1 55 in small lots. Rice, 9½c, tierces. Soap, 7a9c. Candles, adamantine, 15c; Tallow 14a15c. Sugars, A, 16c; Extra C 15; Yellow, C, 13a13; Brown, 11a12½; Rio Coffee, 20a24; Java, 30a35c. Beeswax, 33 a34. Virginia salt, 2 25. Liverpool, 2 80. N. O. Syrup, 75a1 00. Molasses, barrels, 42a45. Pepper, 37½. Race Ginger, 25. Starch 10. Extra State cheese, 15c; Factory, 20a21c; English dairy, 23c. Goshen butter 40a50c; Tennessee, 35a40. Apples 7 00a10 00 per bbl. Eggs, 25 per doz. by the lot.

GRAIN.—Choice prime white corn very scarce; mixed and yellow more abundant. We quote mixed and yellow at $1 38a1 40 and prime white $1 45 in car load lots at depot; $1 45a1 50 in small lots. In wheat there is but little doing, and it may be quoted nominally 1 40a1 45 for prime red; 1 45a1 50 for prime white. The demand for Oats is steady at 87c per bushel, in car load lots and 90 in small quantities. Rye, 1 25 in but little demand.

PROVISIONS.—There is a light stock of bacon and prices rule stiff. Clear sides command 19; clear rib sides 18½; shoulders 14½a15; plain hams 18a20; canvased 22.

BULK MEATS.—Are also in light supply; clear sides 18¼; clear rib sides 17½a17¾; shoulders 14; hams 17½a18.

LARD.—Choice, in barrels 19; kegs and cans 20; inferior 18a19.

FLOUR.—In good demand and stocks full. Superfine per bbl. 6 00a6 25; extra 6 50 a7 00; family 7 00a7 50; fancy 8 00a8 50.

TOBACCO.—Atlanta is one of the best tobacco markets in the United States, for price and quality. We quote low grades, sound medium, summer work, 65. Stock small. Low grade, winter work (won't stand May sweat) 60a62½; fine 90a1 00; choice 1 25; leaf 20.

DRY GOODS.—In dry goods, Atlanta equals New York, and our wholesale dealers can duplicate New York bills, saving freight and expense of travel there and back. We call attention to the quotations: Ahens 11; Sprague, 10½a11; Pacific 11; Lancaster 11; Wamsutta 7; Amoskeag, 9 1-2. Ticking, Pittsfield, 10; Croton, 12; Albany, 12; Eastern B, 18; Amoskeag D, 23; Hamilton, 32; Conestoga 4-4, 30; Amoskeag A C A 35. Low grades of prints can be had at from 6 to 6¼.

FACTORY GOODS.—The supply of Factory Goods is ample and the quality the best offered in any market. Brown shirtings, ¾ 12; B. Shirting 3-4, 9¼a1-4, 14; Bleached shirting, ¾, 7a9¾; Bleached shirting, ⅞, 11¼a14½; Brown drills, 14½; Bleached Drills, 13½; Stripes, 16¼a18½; Checks, 18¼a19; Montour Osnaburgs, 17¼a18; Troup, 19; Yarns, 1 75.

LIQUOR MARKET.—Whisky, rectified, 1 25 a1 50 as to proof; Bourbon 1 25a6 00; Robinson County, 2 00a3 00; Cognac Brandy, 1 50a3 00; St. Croix Rum, 4 00a6 00; Jamaica Rum, 4 00a6 00; Holland Gin, 1 5 0a6 00; Scotch, 3 50a4 00; Domestic Porter, 2 00; French Brandy, 4 50a12 00.

LIME AND CEMENT.—Cherokee lime, 50c per bushel; Chewackla, 60c. Hydraulic cement, 5 00 per barrel, James River 4 50 per bbl. Plaster of Paris, 6 00 per barrel.

LEATHER AND HIDES.—White oak sole, 40a50; Hemlock, good, 31a33; damaged, 25a30; French calf skins, 34 00a58 00 per doz; American calf skins, 25 00a45 00; Harness leather, 45a50c; upper leather, 60a80c; linings kins, (sheep), 4 50a9 00 per doz. Green hides 8a9c; dry salted, 15a18c; dry flint, 16a18c.

HARDWARE.—Swedes iron, 8a9; horse shoe, 7a8; round and square, 5a10; City Mills bar, 5a6; Pittsburgh bar, 6; nail rod, 10a12; band, 7a8; Nails, 4s to 20s, 5 75; 3s, common, 6 75; 3s, fine, 8 75. Plow steel, 11c; cast, 26a28c; German, 18a20.

POWDER AND SHOT.—Rifle powder, per keg, 25 pounds, 7 25; blasting, 5 25. Patent shot, per bag, 3 00; buck, 3 25.

DRUGS AND DYES.—Bi-carb soda 7a8 per lb. Blue stone 13a20. Copperas 2a3. Epsom salts 6½a8. Madder 22a25. Opium 17 00a19 00 per pound. Alum, 8a10. Borax, 45. Brimstone, 8a10. Camphor, 1 20a1 40. Indigo, 1 20a1 60. Quinine, 2 75 per oz. Saltpetre, 12a20c per pound. Castor oil, quarts, 6 00a6 50; pints, 3 50a3 75; per gal., 3 75a4 00. Sweet oil, per dozen, 1 50a6 00; per gal., 1 45a3 50.

OILS AND PAINTS.—Linseed oil, raw, per gal., 1 30a1 35; do., boiled, 1 35a1 40; Sperm, 2 50a3 00; Whale, 1 50a2 00; Lard, 1 40a2 00; Pure Winter, 1 75a2 00; Tanners, 1 00a1 25; Kerosene 40a45c; Petro, 35; Copal Varnish, 3 75a4 00; Japan, 3 00a3 50; Coach, 3 00a6 00. White lead, per lb., 11¼a15; do., pure, 16½.

DRIED FRUIT.—Peeled Peaches 9a11c; not peeled 5a6c; Apples 5ac6.

COW FEED.—Hay, 1 70a1 85 per 100 lbs. Peas, (scarce) 2 75 per bushel; wheat bran, 1 75 per 100 lbs; Oil meal 2¼c per lb.

HOGS AND LIVE CATTLE.—Live shotes, 6½a7¼, owing to size; stock fair; no demand. Live cattle on foot, choice 5a5½c; common 3½a4c gross. Stock light.

BAGGING AND ROPE.—India and Borneo bagging, 29a30c; Kentucky, 20a25. Machine made rope, 8½c; hand made, 8c.

Telegraphic Markets.

NEW YORK, June 23.—Stocks heavy. Money 3a5. Exchange, long, 109¾; short 110¼. Gold 1 11¾. Bonds 11¾. Tennessee ex-coupons 66¾; new 64¾. Virginia ex-coupons 68¾; new 69. Louisiana sixes, old, 77; new 72. Levee sixes 77¾; eights 85. Alabama eights 101½; fives 72. Georgia sixes 89; sevens 95½. North Carolinas, old, 49¼; new 27½. South Carolinas, old, 92; new 82. Missouris 94¾.

Flour quiet. Wheat 1a2c better. Corn 1c better. Pork steady at 30 75a30 80. Lard quiet; barrels 16a16¾c. Cotton lower; sales 400 bales; middling uplands 21¾; Orleans 21¾. Turpentine dull at 38. Rosin quiet at 2 00a2 05. Freights quiet.

LONDON, June 23, noon.—Consols 92¾. Bonds 90¾. Tallow firmer at 45s 9d.

PARIS, June 23.—Bourse opened dull. Rentes 72f. 30c.

LIVERPOOL, June 23, noon.—Cotton quiet; uplands 10¾; Orleans 10¾; sales 10,000 bales. Corn 31s 9d.

HAVRE, June 23.—Cotton quiet.

Teachers' Notice.

WANTED, a situation as private Tutor, or as Teacher in a Private School, by a single gentleman well fitted to teach Latin, Greek and English Languages. Baltic Lectures, Mathematics, and other branches requisite to fit pupils for entering Colleges or Academies of a high reputation given. Address W. E. TRUMBLE, Charlestown, Jefferson County, junel3-d2w West Virginia.

"BAD BLOOD."

"The Life is the Blood."

FROM it we derive our strength, beauty, and mental capabilities. It is the centre of our being, around which revolves all that makes existence happy. When this source is corrupted the painful effects are visible in many shapes, prominent among which is

SCROFULA.

This is a taint or infection of the human system, and probably no one is wholly free from it. It exibits itself in various shapes—as Ulcers and Sores, Decayed Bones, Diseased Scalp, Sore Eyes, Weak and Diseased Joints, &c. Vital Danger, Foul Discharges from the Nostrils, Eruptions, Glandular Swellings, Throat Affections, Rheumatism, Heart Affections, Nervous Disorders, Barrenness, Disorders of the Womb, Dropsy, Syphilitic Affections, Liver Complaint, Salt Rheum, Dyspepsia, Neuralgia, Loss of Manhood and General Debility.

It has been the custom to treat these diseases with Mercury and other Mineral substances, which, though sometimes producing a cure, often prove injurious and entails misery in after life. The long known injurious properties of these so called alterative and purifiers has led the philanthropical mind of science to explore the arena of nature, the result of which has been the discovery of a vegetable product which possess the power of eradicating these Taints from the Blood.

DR. TUTT'S

COMPOUND EXTRACT OF

SARSAPARILLA AND QUEEN'S DELIGHT

Is the acknowledged antidote to all Blood Diseases. By its use the afflictions above enumerated can be permanently banished, and the Source —the Centre of Life—the Blood, be maintained in all its purity and vigor.

For Diseases produced by the use of Mercury, and for Syphilis, with a trial of one bottle, this compound is the only sure antidote.

To the poor creature, enfeebled in mind and body, by secret practices, whose nerves are unstrung, and countenance downcast

The Sarsaparilla

AND

QUEEN'S DELIGHT

is a blessing. Try it fairly, and your nerves will be restored to their wonted vigor, and your decrepit countenance be made radiant with the consciousness of

Restored Manhood.

Being free from violent mineral's, it is adapted to general use. The old and young may use it; the most delicate female at any time may take it; the tender infant, who may have inherited disease, will be cured by it.

For Purifying the Blood

USE

DR. TUTT'S

Extract of Sarsaparilla

AND

QUEEN'S DELIGHT.

When used in the Spring it removes all humors which infest the system; and banishes the lungsor and debility peculiar to that season of the year. It acts promptly on the

Liver and Kidneys,

Producing a healthy action of the important organs by which all the impurities of the system are carried off, and the result is

A Clear Skin; a Good Appetite, and Buoyant Spirits.

PREPARED BY

WM. H. TUTT & LAND,

AUGUSTA, GEORGIA,

And Sold by Druggists Everywhere.

apr21—deod6m

N. R. FOWLER, Auctioneer.

EXECUTOR'S SALE.

BY virtue of an order of the Court of Ordinary of Fulton County, Ga., will be sold, on the first Tuesday in July next, at the Court House door in the City of Atlanta, Fulton county, between the legal hours of sale, the following houses and lots in the city of Atlanta, being the property of the estate of George Gibbon:

One lot on Tannery street, 100 feet on said street, thence south 270 feet to Simpson street, 105 feet on Simpson street, and thence north to Tannery street 200 feet; containing one-half acre more or less. On said premises is a one-story dwelling house.

One lot known as city lot No. 35, containing one-half acre more or less, being on Ivy street, 100 feet on said street and 160 feet deep, more or less, on south line; on said lot is a one-story wood building.

One lot known as city lot No. 39½, of block No. 11, containing one and one-fourth of an acre, more or less, situated on the corner of Collins and Baker streets; on said lot is a large two-story brick house with twelve rooms, with good outbuildings.

One lot known as part of city lot No. 108, containing one-fourth of an acre, more or less, and fronting 100 feet on Forsyth street, and running back 210 feet, more or less, and having thereon a one-story building of wood, two rooms.

One lot known as city lot No. 85, being 50 feet front on Hull street, and containing one-half an acre, more or less; on said premises is a small one-story building.

One lot known as No. 4, in block 32, situated on Whitehall street, and running back to Forsyth street, and containing one acre, more or less; on said premises is a one-story house of brick, at present occupied by Wm. R. Bray, Esq.

One lot known as part of land lot No. 78, in the 14th District Fulton county. Said lot fronts on Simpson street, and measures 109 by 300 feet, more or less.

One lot known as city lot No. 7, in block 103, fronting 200 feet on Spring street, and 100 feet on Machanics' street; said lot contains one-half acre, more or less; on said premises is a small one-story building.

One lot known as part of land lot No. 130, of block 23, fronting on Houston street 145 feet, more or less, on Butler street 218 feet, containing seven-eighths of an acre, more or less.

One lot known as part of city lot No. 14, and containing one-fourth of an acre, more or less, including half the alley on the south side of said lot, situated on Cone street; on said premises is a one-story dwelling of four rooms.

One lot known as part of city lot No. 14, in block No. 4, being a parted fee simple land lot No. 78, in the 14th district of Fulton county, and fronting 50 feet on Cone street, and running back 100 feet, more or less; on said premises is a dwelling of four rooms on high brick basement.

One lot known as the west half of city lot No. 1, and the west half of the north half of lot No. 2, in block No. 16, containing three-fourths of an acre, more or less; on said premises is a two-story house and two-story at the rear, with good out buildings, and situated on Mitchell street, opposite City Hall.

Also, one house and lot in the city of Griffin, Ga., being number 1, square 57, and one vacant lot on the north side of lot No. 6, square 28, on which the stables are located. Terms cash.

GEORGE S. GIBBON,
Qualified Executor of
may24-dawtd George Gibbon, deceased.

BELL HOUSE,

KNOXVILLE, TENNESSEE.

THIS old and popular hotel, situated at the N. corner of Main and State Streets, is again thrown

OPEN TO THE PUBLIC.

In its appointments—Rooms and Furniture—it is second to none in the State, and the Proprietor feels warranted that he can give general satisfaction to all who may favor him with a call.

☞ Omnibuses run to and from the Depot.

RANDOLPH ROSS, Proprietor.
P. H. TOOMEY, Clerk. junel5-d3m

SPENCER HOUSE,

SOCIAL CIRCLE, GA.

ONE of the best Eating Houses in the State. Passengers by the Evening Train from Atlanta can get a splendid Supper here. It is a nice summer resort. Mr. Spencer has fitted up several beautiful Ponds for Bathing and Swimming. He has erected an elegant Boat from Baltimore for the pleasure of his Boarders. The house is convenient to the track; no trouble in rainy weather to get to it. Parties going to Athens will find it very convenient to lay over here at night and get a good night's rest and Breakfast. junel3 d2w

THE WORLD'S WONDER.

DR. ABBETT'S ANTI-DYSPEPTIC OR LIVER MEDICINE

A SAFE and certain cure for all kinds of Liver Complaints, and all diseases and indispositions that originate from a diseased state or inactivity of the Liver, such as

Chronic and Acute Inflammations of the Liver,
Dyspepsia, Sick Headache,
Sensation of the Stomach,
Loss of Appetite,
Lowliness of Spirits, Colic,
Costiveness, Fever, Ague,
Bilious Fever, Dropsy and Jaundice.

These Medicines are purely Vegetable, and perfectly harmless; but their efficacy is too permanently established in all the Southern and Western States to require any further recommendations, as the wine will not fail to give them a fair trial—this is all that is asked.

LAGRANGE, GA., DEC. 3, 1869.

MESSRS. CRAWFORD & WALKER, West Point, Ga. Gentlemen: Having witnessed almost daily, for the last fifteen years, the great efficacy of the preparation you are now putting up, known as "Abbett's Medicine," it affords me pleasure to state that I know of no combinations or preparation equal to it in the treatment of Liver Diseases of whatever character, and would cordially recommend it to all who are suffering from derangement of the Liver, and especially the Dyspeptic.

I am, very respectfully,
T. S. BRADFIELD, Druggist.

WEST POINT, GA., OCT. 15, 1869.

MESSRS. CRAWFORD & WALKER: Gentlemen—I can honestly and confidently recommend L. B. Abbett's Liver or Dyspeptic Medicine, as prepared by you, to the favorable notice of the suffering public, having used it in my own private family for twenty years, I can highly recommend it for removing pain or flatulency from the stomach, caused by indigestion. It also has a happy effect in toning constipation of the bowels. I believe it to be the best universal remedy the world has yet discovered for the above named diseases. Please send me one gross to you in introducing this valuable Medicine to the public, I remain, Yours, truly, A. K. KENDRICK.

PEMBERTON, TAYLOR & CO.,
Wholesale Druggists, General Agents,
Atlanta, Ga.

For sale by Druggists everywhere.
CRAWFORD & WALKER, Prop'rs,
mar24—dly West Point, Ga.

LIPPMAN'S GREAT GERMAN BITTERS,

TONIC, INVIGORANT,

AND

PALATABLE STIMULANT.

BY far the best and purest preparation in the world for Dyspepsia, Loss of Appetite, Liver Complaint, and more particularly for Fever and Ague, Bilious, Remittent and Intermittent Fevers.

LIPPMANN'S

Great German Bitters,

Are a Medicinal Cordial, possessing powerful alterative, and bilious and invigorating properties, that may be taken by old or young, male or female, with beneficial results.

FOR FEMALES,

LIPPMAN'S BITTERS are invaluable. They build up the system, bring health and bloom to the cheek of the invalids. As a remedy for nervous wakefulness, to which females are especially subject, they are fast superseding all other stimulants.

LIPPMAN'S

Great German Bitters,

Are a Cordial for the aged, and a sure protection against malarious diseases. Persons living in damp and malarious climates will find these Bitters a valuable remedy; a small dose taken occasionally, will prevent many day's and, perhaps week's of sickness.

No license at all necessary to sell these Bitters.

SAVANNAH, GA., March 16, 1870.

MESSRS. JACOB LIPPMAN & BRO., Savannah, Ga.:

GENTS: I have before me your esteemed letter of the 14th instant, containing various documents relative to your "German Bitters." After a careful examination, I must confess that your Bitters is really what you represent it to be, an old German recipe of Dr. Mitcherlick, of Berlin, Prussia. It will, indeed, be excellent for Dyspepsia, General Debility and Nervous diseases, and it is a good preventive of Chills and Fevers. I find it to be the most delightful and pleasant stomachic.

I remain, yours truly,
[Signed] AUG. P. WETTER.

KIRKLAND MILLS, GA., March 22, 1870.

MESSRS. JACOB LIPPMAN & BRO., Druggists, Savannah, GA.:

GENTLEMEN: I have introduced your Great German Bitters here, to my customers and friends, and I find a better sale for them than any I have ever kept before. Those who have tried them, approve of them very highly, and I do not hesitate in saying that they are far superior in value to any other Bitters now in use.

Yours, respectfully,
[Signed, W. KIRKLAND.

LIPPMAN'S

Great German Bitters,

Are sold by

DRUGGISTS AND DEALERS GENERALLY,

And are prepared in the Laboratory of the

WHOLESALE DRUG HOUSE

—OF—

Jacob Lippman & Bro.,

SAVANNAH, GA.

E. F. WYLY, PEMBERTON, TAYLOR & CO., and A. J. WEST & CO., Atlanta, Georgia, Wholesale Agents for Lippman's Great German Bitters.

may25-d1y

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TO THE CITIZENS OF ATLANTA.

WE are now prepared to make BOOTS and SHOES of all descriptions, to order. If you want Fashion Leather, Comfort, Neatness, Water proof, Light stitch or Pumps of the finest French Calf-skin, we can furnish them to you at short notice, and warrant our fit. The soles are made of the finest Eagle-b Sole Leather and Fancy Gaiters of all descriptions made for gentlemen in the most approved style. Call and see us at our shop, on Pryor street, in front of the Theatre, if you want the finest and best fitting boots in the city.

☞ WANTED—Five first-class Boot Makers. None others need apply. C. HUGHES & SON.
apr25— jan26-d1y

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junel5-d3m LONGLEY & ROBINSON.

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UNTIL further notice, the Sheriff sales of Catoosa county will be published in the Atlanta Daily Constitution.

junel-d3t Sheriff of Catoosa County.

W are receiving large lots Corn and Country Produce. Also, keep on hand Gray's Old Kentucky Whiskies, and solicit orders and consignments.

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HILL & KETCHAM,

257 Canal Street, New York.

INVITE the attention of the Southern trade to their complete assortment of

STRAWGOODS,

and all articles in the Millinery line, consisting of Straw, Silk and Velvet Hats, Bandowns, Straw Cords and Tassels, Flowers and Feathers, Trimmings of all kinds, Bonnet and Hat Frames, etc.

Special attention is given to a line of Trimmed Goods, for country trade. Orders filled with great care. A trial of styles and prices is solicited.

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Between Broadway and Earles' Hotel
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$10,000 GUARANTEE.

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1st. For its Unrivaled Whiteness,
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3d. For its Unsurpassed Covering Property.

Lastly for its Economy.

☞ It COSTS LESS to paint with BUCK LEAD than any other White Lead extant. The same weight covers more surface, is more durable, and makes WHITER WORK.

BUCK LEAD, is the Cheapest and Best.

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Lastly, for its Great Economy;

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Try it and be Convinced.

Satisfaction Guaranteed by the Manufacturers.

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Prepared expressly for Painting COTTAGES, OUT BUILDINGS of every description, FENCES, etc. THIRTY-FIVE DIFFERENT COLORS, Durable, Cheap, Uniform, and Beautiful shades.

Sample cards sent by mail if desired.

Dealers' Orders will be promptly executed by the manufacturers.

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apr14—

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HAVE now in store and will continue to receive a well selected stock of

SPRING AND SUMMER GOODS,

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MUSLIN LAWNS,
JAPANESE CLOTHS,
JAPANESE SILK,
BLACK SILK,
FANCY CASSIMERES,
HATS,
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Their goods were bought since the

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Great Inducements

To purchasers. They consider it "no trouble to show goods."

may8—d3m

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COMMISSION MERCHANTS,

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Lowest Market Prices.

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MARIETTA PAPER MILLS.

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THE LARGEST CITY, COUNTY AND STATE CIRCULATION.
DEFIES REFUTATION.

BY W. A. HEMPHILL & CO.
I. W. AVERY, Editor.

Morning Edition.

Atlanta, Georgia, June 24, 1870.

St. John the Baptist's Day.

According to Masonic tradition, this is the natal day of St. John the Baptist, the forerunner of Jesus Christ. Whether this is the Annual return of his birthday or not, it matters little. Masons and Roman Catholics unite in consecrating it in memory of him.

According to Masonic tradition, St. John the Baptist and St. John the Evangelist, (the disciple whom Jesus loved,) were eminent patrons of Freemasonry. Since their time, in every well-governed lodge of the fraternity, there has been represented a certain point within a circle embordered by two perpendicular parallel lines, and upon the top rests the Holy Scriptures.

Whatever be the view of the Christian or Israelitish Free Mason, of the Divine authority of these two eminent men, they all unite in bearing testimony to their fidelity as men and Masons.

Why it is that the reputed natal day of the one is about the time of the winter solstice and the other about the time of the summer solstice, it is difficult to declare. But so it is. The Masonic year is nearly equally divided by the annual return of the natal day of these two eminent patrons of the Order.

Christians, who view them from the stand-point of believers in the Messiah, (as having already come,) cannot comprehend the fellowship of our Israelitish brethren with the members of Christian denominations in their hearty commemoration of the natal days of the two saints referred to. Not so with the well informed Mason.

Whatever may be their views of the claims of Jesus to the Messiahship, the Christian and the Jew around the Altar of Freemasonry agree to hold their disputes in abeyance. Within that Mystic Circle they agree to disagree, and in the service of the great "I Am," who said to Moses: "Say unto them, I am that I Am hath sent me unto you," they are an unit.

With the Holy Bible as the "Great (mystical) Light" of the order, they see moral truths not "as through a glass darkly," but as they are. Heart and hand unite in testifying to the infinite power, goodness and love of a common Creator. The practical application of this principle is to love one another, and to be good and true as citizens and as social beings having a common origin.

In several prominent places in Georgia, it is designed to hallow this day with appropriate ceremonies. That harmony may pervade the craft everywhere on this natal day of their eminent patron, St. John the Baptist, is our sincere desire; for it is the mission of the ancient and honorable order of Free and Accepted Masons to secure "peace on earth and good will to men."

DECISIONS
—OF THE—
SUPREME COURT OF GEORGIA

Delivered at Atlanta, Tuesday, June 21.

[REPORTED EXPRESSLY FOR THE CONSTITUTION, BY N. J. HAMMOND, SUPREME COURT REPORTER.]

John R. Jones, plaintiff in error, vs. John A. Payne, defendant in error. Motion to dismiss from Lee.

By the Court—BROWN, C. J., delivering the opinion.

A motion to docket and dismiss this case was made by Judge Lyon, at the last term of this Court, on the ground, among others, that the Clerk of the Superior Court of Lee county had failed to make out and certify the transcript of the record, within ten days after the bill of exceptions was filed in his office, as required by the statute. The motion was overruled, and the case, which reached the office of the Clerk of this Court too late for last term, was ordered to be placed on the docket for this term.

It was reached in its order and argued. But before we had pronounced any judgment, the case of Seay vs. Treadwell, in which Judge Lyon was of counsel for plaintiff in error, was also reached in its order, and dismissed on motion, on two grounds: 1st. That all the evidence in said case, on the trial in the Court below, was not embraced in the bill of exceptions, as required by the rules of this Cours; and 2d. On the ground that the Clerk of the Superior Court did not make out and certify the transcript of the record for more than two months after the expiration of the ten days, and no sufficient excuse was shown for the delay; and no diligence was shown on the part of the plaintiff in error, or his counsel, to secure this discharge of duty by the Clerk.

The decision in this case at the last term was afterward quoted upon us, and Judge Lyon, who had left the Court, applied through his law partner, Colonel Irwin, for permission to renew his motion to dismiss this case. It is our wish, in the discharge of our duty, to apply the same rules to all alike, and on account of our great respect for the able counsel who feel aggrieved, we have consented to re-hear the motion to dismiss, in this irregular manner, after the case has been argued upon its merits. By this however, we will not be bound as a precedent.

The earlier decisions of this Court, so far as we are advised, were uniform; that if the Clerk of the Superior Court failed to make out and certify and send up to this Court a transcript of the record within ten days after the bill of exceptions was filed in his office, the writ of error was dismissed. See Beall vs. Scott, 4th Ga. 585. Leak vs. McDowell, 6th Ga. 264. 6th Ga. 317.

The Act, organizing this Court under which those rulings were made, provides, that, if any Clerk shall fail or refuse to send up the transcript of the whole record in any cause, according to the provisions of this Act, or he or any Sheriff shall refuse or neglect to perform any duty imposed upon him by this Act, said Superior Court, while in session in any district in this State, may issue a writ of *mandamus* to such officer and enforce obedience thereto, if necessary, by attachment; and in case that such refusal of any such officer have delayed the party applying for or tendering a bill of exceptions as aforesaid, beyond the time limited in the foregoing part of this Act, he shall not thereby lose his remedy, but may proceed as if the time limited had not expired.

Here nothing is said about diligence on the part of the plaintiff in error to secure the discharge of duty by the officer. But this Court in Duke vs. Trippe, 6th Ga. 281, in construing that Act, says: "And in all such cases the party applying for such writ, shall not lose his remedy, but may proceed as if the time limited in said Act had not expired." In other words, if the time has expired, and the Clerk has not done his duty by certifying and sending up the bill of exceptions, the case must be dismissed, unless the party has applied for the writ of *mandamus* to compel him to send it up. That was the legal diligence required by this Court; and if that was wanting the case was at an end.

The diligence which was then required of the party as a condition to the continuance of his case in Court, after the default of the Clerk, by the construction placed upon the statute of this Court, is now required by positive enactment.

Section 4204 of the Code now enacts that: If any Sheriff or Clerk, or other officer shall fail to discharge any duty required of him in connection with the foregoing provisions, upon petition, the Supreme Court or the Judge of the Superior Court, may compel the performance of such duty by *mandamus*, and no suitor shall lose any right by reason of the failure of such officers to discharge their duties, when he has been guilty of no fault himself, and has exercised ordinary diligence to secure their discharge of duty.

It will be observed that it is not enough that the suitor has been guilty of no fault himself. But he must have exercised ordinary diligence to secure the officer to discharge his duty. What is meant by ordinary diligence to secure the discharge of duty by the officer? We think it requires the party to have exercised ordinary diligence to obtain a *mandamus* against the officer for the failure to do his duty. That is the legal remedy given him to secure the discharge of the duty neglected by the Clerk, and if he fail to pursue this legal remedy, with ordinary diligence, the case will be dismissed on motion. In other words, the defect is cured only by the active pursuit of this legal remedy, when the Clerk has neglected his duty.

Under the original statute, the application for the writ of *mandamus* could only be made to the Supreme Court. To expedite the remedy, the Code provides that it may be made to the Supreme Court, or the Judge of the Superior Court. If the Supreme Court is in session at the time, and within a convenient distance, the application may be made to it. If not, the exercise of proper diligence would require that it be made to the Judge of the Superior Court.

The rule as now laid down by statute is in fact more stringent than that laid down in the Act organizing this Court. That Act was not explicit, that any diligence was necessary to save the rights of parties, in case of the failure of the clerk to do his duty. It was so construed by the Court, however, as to require that he apply for the *mandamus*, which the Court was authorized to grant, or the case be dismissed. But the present statute in express terms requires vigilance on the part of the suitor, to save his rights in such case.

But we are asked what damage has the defendant in error sustained by the clerk's failure to certify, and send up the bill of exceptions, and the record within the time prescribed; if he has in fact sent it up, and it is here, when the case is called in its order. There may be no actual damage. Then why dismiss the case? For the reason that the law has not been complied with, and it is not legally brought to this Court.

The statute requires the bill of exceptions to be tendered, and certified by the Judge, within thirty days after the adjournment of the Court, at which the decision was made. Suppose it is tendered and certified thirty-one days after the adjournment of the Court, and all the parties are in this Court when the case is called; what damage has the defendant in error sustained by the performance of the required duty, only one day after the time fixed by law? Probably none can be shown. Then why dismiss the case? Because the law has not been complied with, and the case is not legally here.

But suppose the plaintiff in error has failed to notify the defendant in error of the signing of the bill of exceptions, within ten days, and has failed to file it in the clerk's office within fifteen days, the same may be said as to damage. Yet in all such cases there is but one uniform ruling. The case is dismissed because the law is not complied with. So in this class of cases it is not for us to say whether the defendant in error has sustained actual damage or not; it is enough that he can show that the case is not brought here in accordance with the law, and he is entitled to have it dismissed, and to stand upon his rights as they were adjudicated in the Superior Court.

Again, the familiar law is quoted, that every officer is presumed to do his duty till the contrary is shown, and it is said why may not parties stand by this rule, and take it for granted that such duty has been performed till the contrary appears. That rule may apply generally, but it does not apply here, for the simple reason that the statute repeals it by requiring the party to use diligence to see that the officer does discharge his duty, or, in other words, to use diligence to secure its discharge.

The Constitution of the State, in existence at the time this Court was organized, required cases to be disposed of here with promptness, to prevent delay in litigation. Since then, the people have met in convention three different times, and each convention has formed a constitution, and there has been no relaxation of the rule, except that the Court may, in its discretion, withhold its judgment for one term after the case is argued. The provision of the present Constitution is in these words:

The Supreme Court shall dispose of every case at the first or second term, after such writ of error is brought; and in case the plaintiff in error shall not be prepared at the first term to prosecute the case, unless prevented by providential cause, it shall be stricken from the docket, and the judgment below shall stand affirmed. In case the Court may, in its discretion, withhold its judgment until the next term after the case is argued.

Now, it is a grave question whether the Legislature can pass any act to delay a case till the second term, by putting the party bringing it up upon ordinary diligence. Must not the diligence that keeps the case from being stricken from the docket be such extraordinary diligence that the failure to get here and prosecute it at the first term may be the result of providential hindrance. That seems to be the plain language of the Constitution.

But admit that the Legislature has power to prescribe reasonable rules as to the manner of bringing up cases, and to say how long before each term a case shall be docketed to make it returnable to that term; still, it must make reasonable rules keeping in view the imperative mandate of the Constitution; that the plaintiff in error shall be prepared to prosecute the case at the first term. When a bill of exceptions is sued out, all the subsequent steps required by the Act of the Legislature must be promptly taken within the time required; and, if by taking those steps promptly as required, the case can reach the office of the Clerk of this Court twenty days before the commencement of the term, as provided by the statute, that is the first term of the writ of error; and if the plaintiff in error does not use all the remedies the law gives him against every officer for neglect of duty, and discharge promptly every duty the statute requires of him, or show that he was prevented by providential cause from so doing, the case must be stricken from the docket, and the judgment below stand affirmed.

We may observe here, that the Constitution is imperative that the case shall be disposed of at the second term. Even providential cause is an excuse at the first term only; as is very apparent by an examination of the clause of the Constitution above quoted.

It is not probably in our power to lay down any rule as to the precise time within which a *mandamus* shall be obtained by the plaintiff in error, against a defaulting officer to secure his case from the stern rule of the Constitution, which requires it to be stricken from the docket, if he is not prepared to prosecute it at the first term. In a case like the present, we think it reasonable to require that he apply by himself, his agent or attorney, at the Clerk's office on the day or the day after the duty is required to be performed by the Clerk, and to ascertain whether it has been done, and if not, that he apply to this Court, if in session, or to the Judge of the Superior Court, with reasonable promptness for a *mandamus* against the defaulting officer. The precise time within which the application is made must depend on the distance from the county, where the case was tried, to this Court, or the Judge of the Superior Court, and the condition of the parties, and other circumstances of the case.

Another reason for dismissing the case, if the necessary diligence has not been used, though the case may have reached this Court, is found in the fact that this diligence is exacted in order to carry out the requirement of the Constitution and the public policy of the State: that cases shall be disposed of in this Court without delay. If the rule of diligence is relaxed in one case, or class of cases, because the case afterwards reached here without the exercise of the required diligence, the relaxation will sanction a loose practice, which, in many cases, will result in delay and the loss of a term.

We are of opinion, therefore, that the enforcement of the rule in all cases is most in conformity to the requirements of the Constitution. If the duty has been performed by the Clerk after the expiration of the time allowed him for that purpose, before the party could, by the exercise of ordinary diligence, have obtained a writ of *mandamus*, we will not dismiss the case. But if the plaintiff in error, by the exercise of ordinary diligence, could have obtained the *mandamus*, before the duty was performed, there is in that case a failure on his part, and his case is obnoxious to the objection.

Apply these rules to the case now under consideration, and we are satisfied it is not our duty to grant the order.

The record in the case is a very voluminous one, and the plaintiff in error, by his counsel, shows on oath, that, with the clerical aid which the Clerk of the Superior Court could command in the little village of Starkville, where the case was tried: he could not do his other necessary duties and prepare and certify the transcript of the record within the time, and that the plaintiff in error not only did all he could to get the Clerk to prepare the papers in time, but he asked him to make them out, and the whole was completed, as the rule required, within three days after the expiration of the time. As the Judge of the Superior Court did not reside in the county, ordinary diligence would hardly have enabled the plaintiff to obtain a writ of *mandamus* within the three days.

There is a very clear distinction between this case and the case of Seay vs. Treadwell, in which the duty was not performed for about two months after the expiration of the time, and no excuse was given for its non-performance, and no diligence shown by the plaintiff in error to secure its performance.

The motion to dismiss this case is overruled.

What Became of the Cotton, Tobacco and Sugar Seized in the South.

"Y." the Washington correspondent of the Baltimore Gazette, thus ventilates the above subject:

It is not generally known, but it is nevertheless true, that the great bulk of the money now in the Treasury of the United States is the proceeds of cotton, sugar and tobacco taken from private citizens (many of whom were not engaged in the war,) and this property was taken, moreover, *long after the war closed*. By the end of the war is meant after the surrender of General Lee, General Johnston and General E. Kirby Smith, the latter having concluded his surrender on the 26th of May, 1865. And further, it is a fact—also not generally known—that on the 27th day of June, 1865, the Secretary of the Treasury, by direction of the President of the United States, addressed a letter of instruction to United States Treasury agents, in which they were instructed not to seize a pound of cotton after the 30th of June, 1865.

Yet, these Treasury agents, backed by squads of armed soldiers, went through the Southern States and seized every bale of cotton, hogshead of sugar, and box of tobacco they could lay hands upon. The sugar, cotton and tobacco thus seized by the Treasury agents, in violation of the instructions and special mandates of the Secretary of the Treasury and the President, was, after the agents had secured to themselves a most liberal portion, turned over to the general agent in New York, Mr. Simon Draper. Mr. Draper, after making sale of the property, and deducting for his unsolicited services the most exorbitant commissions, transmitted the net proceeds to the Secretary of the Treasury.

This species of wholesale robbery was enacted in the fall and winter of 1865. The proceeds of the sales of this confiscated property, amounting to many millions, was placed, during the terms of office of Hugh McCulloch and Wm. E. Chandler, in the hands of the banking firm of Jay Cooke & Co., and is said to have been used by them for speculative purposes. Of course no one pretends to say that McCulloch or Chandler were in any way benefited by the use made of this cotton money. The integrity of these officials is above suspicion. McCulloch and Chandler entered office as men of large means, and from their close attention to the business of the Government, and constant sacrifices made in behalf of the Federal North, they both left office prostrated in health and almost bankrupt in pocket.

Notwithstanding the greater part of the proceeds of the cotton, sugar and tobacco was taken months after the surrender of the Southern armies, the owners of this property, or these proceeds, are told that it has been "covered into the Treasury," and that claimants, to get their dues, must first bring suit in the Court of Claims; secondly, establish the fact of their loyalty during the war; and then, if the Supreme Court affirms a judgment in their behalf, they will be paid over at the end of ninety days.

But when you propose to institute a suit before the Court of Claims, you are informed that unless you have commenced action by the 2d of August, 1866, you are barred by the Statute of Limitation. A meaner mode of confiscation could not have been devised by the crafty descendants of the Puritans. The truth of the matter is, there is a ring—a powerful ring—formed for the express purpose of placing every conceivable obstacle in the way of the settlement of cotton, sugar and tobacco claims, with a view to controlling their collection or securing their purchase for some trifling amount. The ring or combination includes the names of many prominent men in the Radical party. The Secretary of the Treasury must be cognizant of these facts, yet he resorts to every imaginable expedient and technicality to prevent the settlement of these claims, to the gross injury of impoverished orphans and widows.

BY TELEGRAPH.

Special to The Constitution.]

Georgia and the Butler Bill.

WASHINGTON, June 23.—Butler reported the Georgia bill similar to the Virginia bill with a clause permitting the organization of the militia. It appeared by the statements of Beck and Farnsworth, of the Reconstruction Committee, that this bill was authorized by seven members of the said committee; the remaining eight had agreed on the Farnsworth bill, requiring an election in the fall. Butler had been directed to so state, but on the contrary, reported the minority bill as for the whole committee.

Dawes offered as a substitute for it the Senate bill, and declaring Georgia entitled to representation.

Other amendments were offered and ordered to be printed.

Butler will demand the previous question to-morrow at 2 o'clock, and the vote will take place at three. The indications are that Bingham's and Farnsworth's measures will prevail. ARGUS.

ASSOCIATED PRESS DISPATCHES.

Washington News.

WASHINGTON, June 23.—Amos T. Akerman, of Georgia, was confirmed to-day as Attorney General without objection or debate.

Revenue $805,000.

Customs for the week ending June 18th, $3,750,000.

William W. Bell has been nominated as Collector for the Third District Mississippi.

The Viceroy of India, at Bombay, and the President of the United States, exchanged to-day congratulatory dispatches upon telegraphic connection.

Congressional.

In the Senate, Mr. Casserly objected to the immediate consideration of Sumner's Cuban resolution.

Sumner replied that they had been carefully considered in the committee room.

Howard thought they might as well vote on the question now.

Casserly persisted in his objection, and the matter goes over under rules.

The Chinese labor bill was postponed on account of the illness of Casserly, who desires to amend it.

In the course of debate, a disposition to interfere with Chinese contracts was quite strong.

The tax bill resumed, but no action was taken.

The Senate adjourned.

In the House, after a long debate, the Apportionment bill was referred to the Judiciary Committee by a vote of 98 to 95.

This action is regarded as equivalent to a defeat this session, as the Judiciary Committee stands number ten on the list of committees to be called, and it is not likely it will be reached. The vote was sectional, and not a party vote, the Southern and Western members opposing a reference, with some few exceptions.

The Georgia bill, heretofore telegraphed, was reported.

Dawes offered a substitute in effect recognising the fact that Georgia had ratified the several amendments to the Constitution, and was entitled to representation, and was authorized to organize the militia for her defense.

Other amendments were offered, when Farnsworth objected, saying that Butler had no right to accept amendments, when Butler, Chairman, resigned the floor for that or any other person, he (Farnsworth) was entitled to it, and was instructed by the authority of the Committee to report the amendment.

Farnsworth and Beck accused Butler of bad faith in partially, only, obeying the majority of the Committee.

It was agreed that the previous question would be seconded at two o'clock to-morrow.

James Boyd, one of the largest Wall street brokers, was unable to meet his liabilities. He is about $1,000,000 short in exchange. Under the rules they sold him out at 11¾a11¾. Boyd's gold, $900,000, being forced on the market, caused a decline.

HAVANA, June 23.—The Register has a leader this morning showing that Mobile as initial point of the Havana mail line, it would bring three-fourths of the Union into 36 hours shorter mail connection with the West Indies than the present arrangement; that the New Orleans Railroad will be completed in August, when even that city will be one day nearer Havana, by mail via Mobile, and urges the Postmaster General to make Mobile the point, instead of New Orleans, in the new letting of contracts. Much interest is felt here, and the board of trade will probably memorialize the postal department on the subject.

FOREIGN.

LONDON, June 23.—Chipman, the publisher of Mr. Dickens' works, publishes a statement that only one-half of Mr. Dickens' story, "The Mystery of Edwin Drood," had been written. The story will be published as far as written, and no one will be permitted to finish it.

CONSTANTINOPLE, June 23.—The journals state that two thousand lives were lost in the conflagration.

MADRID, June 23.—Costillar's bill for immediate emancipation of slaves was defeated in the Cortes by a vote of 48 to 78.

The matter of emancipation was postponed until next session.

A resolution prohibiting punishment by the lash was passed.

CORK, June 23.—A severe riot has taken place between the home and German tailors, recently imported to supply the place of the strikers. The police used their clubs freely, and many were stabbed. Many of the Irish tailors were arrested.

PARIS, June 23.—The High Regicide Court has adjourned to Wednesday. Two more regicide arrests were made last night.

NIGHT DISPATCHES.

WASHINGTON, June 23.—The following are Sumner's resolutions:

Resolved, That the people of the United States cannot bear with indifference the reports of barbarous outrage, which reach them constantly from the neighboring Island of Cuba; that they protest against a repetition of such acts, whether by the Spanish Government or insurgents, seeking independence; that in accordance with indignation the shooting of captives taken with arms in their hands, as violations of the first principles of civilization, and contrary to precedent, happily established on the North American continent, and in the name of humanity they solemnly insist that these things shall cease.

2. That the people of the United States are pained to learn that pretension of property in man is upheld in the island colonies of Spain lying in American waters; that human beings, endowed by nature with the right of life, liberty and the pursuit of happiness, are held as chattels, despoiled of all rights; that, instead of terminating this pretension at once, the Spanish government proposes to protract for an indefinite period, by an impossible system of gradualism; that such a spectacle is justly offensive to all who love republican institutions, of which liberty and equality are cardinal principles, especially to the people of the United States, who, in the name of justice and for the sake of good neighborhood, ask that slavery shall cease at once.

3. That the United States, being once colonies, achieved their independence as a nation by successful resistance to a European power claiming to govern them, and their example was followed afterwards by the Spanish colonies on the American continent, all which have achieved their independence likewise; that already some aspirations for independence begin to stir in the neighboring colonies of Great Britain; that these instances are in harmony with the spirit of the age, teach that the day of European colonies in this hemisphere has passed; that, impressed by this conviction, the people of the United States are not to witness the extraordinary efforts of the Spanish Government, by violence and bloodshed, to maintain unnatural jurisdiction in Cuba—forbidden by the great law of progress, and hostile to the best interests of both parties.

4. That the people of the United States declare their sympathy with their fellow-Americans in Cuba, struggling for independence; and at the same time their sympathies with the people of Spain in their present efforts for liberal institutions in their own ancient land, and they call on this people at the first stage in reform at home, and for the sake of peace, to recognize at once the right of the Cubans to govern themselves; that they make this appeal, with sincere good will to the people of Spain, and with the assurance that the justice they do to others will redound to their own happiness, welfare and renown; that the President of the United States is charged with the duty of communicating these resolutions to the Government of Spain.

NEW YORK, June 23.—The charge against the female bankers, Woodhull & Claflin, brought by Princess Editha Montez, was dismissed, and the Princess committed to the custody of the Commissioners of Charity and Correction.

The fare to New Orleans was reduced to-day by both the Cincinnati and Richmond routes, from $55 to $52 85, and will probably go down to $40 within a week.

Merchants continue to send vessels to Baltimore, Boston, New Haven and other parts, to discharge, and threaten, in case no redress is obtained from the quarantine commissioners for present abuses, to fit up Port Perth Amboy to accommodate the entire foreign commerce now entering this port.

A meeting of the cotton merchants and brokers was held at noon to-day to establish a cotton exchange in this city. W. H. Guion, Chairman; Bryce, Secretary. The following resolution was passed:

Resolved, That the Chairman of this meeting appoint a committee of 13 to report at a future meeting a plan of organization for a cotton exchange, embracing regulations to correct existing abuses in the cotton trade of this city; that the committee be composed of receivers, exporters and brokers engaged in the cotton trade. The chairman named as such committee—Newman, Inman, Harris, son, Slaughter, and Lehman, from among the receivers; Fechivi, Victor, Bell and Crenshaw, from among the exporters, and Wright, Dufais, Nunn and Sylvester from among the brokers.

New Advertisements.

NOTICE.

PROPOSALS for the erection of a New Church in Forsyth, for the Methodist Episcopal Church South, will now be received by the Building Committee.

Plans and specifications in detail may be seen in the office of Mr. D. B. Woodruff, the Architect, in Macon, who will fully explain the plans and details to any one who may desire to take the contract. Further information may be had of either member of the Building Committee. The right to reject any or all bids is reserved.

E. P. TRIPPE, Chairman,
F. A. KIMBALL,
C. A. KING,
S. H. HOWE,
H. G. BEAN, Sec. and Treas.

Forsyth, June 15, 1870. jun24-d3t

AT AUCTION!
13 RESIDENCE LOTS,

NEAR L. DEAN'S, on Right way State Road. Sale on the premises at 5 o'clock this evening. Don't wait for personal invitations, go directly out to the premises, or come to our office, next to James' Bank, and ride out to the sale of these very desirable lots.

Conveyances leave our office at 4 o'clock.

BELL & HAMMOCK,
Real Estate Agents.

jun24-d1t

STRAYED OR STOLEN.

A SMALL Mare Pony, color, Dark Bay or Brown, with a white hairs in forehead. Age three years in April last. No shoes on, when taken. A reward of $10 will be paid for her recovery. Was seen three days since in Atlanta with a negro man on her back.

jun24-d3t R. A. ALSTON.

Partner Wanted.

A PRACTICAL Printer, skilled in the Printing and Publishing Business, who has the outfit for a JOB OFFICE, Hand and Machine Presses, etc., desires to form a Copartnership with some agreeable party who can furnish Gold Capital for the publication of a newspaper at some eligible point in North or Middle Georgia. Address,

"JOB PRINTER,"
Appeal Office, Cuthbert, Ga.

jun21-d1w

A Few Days Longer.

THE Tax Digest of Fulton County will remain open for a few days longer. All tax payers have not made no returns. All those are required to do so without delay, or they will certainly be returned as defaulters and double taxed.

SAMUEL GRUBB,
Receiver Tax Returns, Fulton County.

june24-d3TriSunTues

FOR SALE.

A YEAR And Which Cost $100 Gold. Apply to
A. J. OLME,
Office at McMillan & Snow's.

jun24-d3t

Board Wanted

BY a Gentleman and wife, in a strictly private Family. Address, M.,
American Hotel.

june24-d3t

Railroad Contractors

WHO can furnish from 100 to 1000 hands in large or small squads, can get remunerative contracts by making immediate application to

J. L. PENNINGTON,
President E. A. & C. R. R. Co.
Opelika, Ala.

june24-d1w

GEORGIA, Campbell County.

ORDINARY'S OFFICE, June 21, 1870.

THOS. S. ROBERTS has applied for exemption of personalty, and setting apart and valuation of homestead, and I will pass upon the same at 10 o'clock, A. M., on the 25th day of July, at my office.

R. C. BEAVERS, Ordinary.
Painter's fee $2.

jun24-d1t&w3t

New Carpet Store.

WE have just received at our NEW CARPET STORE large additions to our stock of

Brussels,
Tapestry Brussels,
3-Ply and Ingrain Carpets,
Italian and Cocoa Matting,
Floor Oil Cloth—all widths,
Damasks, Reps,
Oil and Lace Curtains,
Cornices and House Furnishing Goods.

Which we offer to the trade at greatly

REDUCED PRICES,

To correspond with present prices of Gold.

CHAMBERLIN, BOYNTON & CO.

june19-d1w

DR. W. A. HOOTEN'S
INFIRMARY FOR THE BLIND,
ATLANTA, GEORGIA.

CONTINUES to perform the most remarkable cures of the age on the Eye. These wonderful works have already become matter of history, and are rapidly spreading their influence over the whole country. Any amount of unquestionable evidence can be readily furnished persons desiring information.

REFERENCES.

General John B. Gordon, President Southern Life Insurance Company, Atlanta, Ga.
General A. Austell, President National Bank, Atlanta, Ga.
Ex-Governor J. E. Brown, Atlanta, Ga.
Rev. Dr. Jesse Boring, M. D., Professor Medical College, Atlanta, Ga.
Pemberton, Taylor & Co, Wholesale Druggists, Atlanta, Ga.
J. F. Cox, President Baptist Female College, LaGrange, Georgia.
Rev. Mr. Fuller, Pastor First Baptist Church, Atlanta, Georgia.
Prof. I. J. Morris, Auburn, Ala.
Hon. J. T. Clark, Cuthbert, Ga.
Hon. John Erskine, Judge U. S. D. C., Atlanta, Georgia.
Rev. I. J. Wood, Rome, Ga
Rev. T. H. Murphy, Hogansville, Ga.
Hon. C. B. Wootten, Dawson, Ga.
Rev. B. L. Ross, M. D., Fort Valley, Ga.
Hon. R. A. Turnipseed, Fort Gaines, Ga
Captain S. S. Dunlap, Macon, Ga.
G. S. Dasher, Conductor S. W. Railroad, Ga.
Colonel B. A. Thornton, Columbus, Ga
Hon. Wm. M. Tumlin, Cuthbert, Ga.
Colonel B. H. Smith, Cuthbert, Ga.
Rev. A. S. Worrell, Editor Baptist Sentinel and Pres. Lex. Female College, Ga
Rev. Aug. W. Walker, Conwayboro', S. C.
P. B. Melvin, General Agent Mississippi Valley Life Insurance Company, Louisville, Ky.
Hon. W. H. C. Davenport, Lone Star, Texas.
Hon. C. A. Stanton, Plano, Collins county, Texas.
Hon. Thomas Pullum, Union Springs, Ala.
Rev. Morgan Calloway, Pres. Meth. Female College, LaGrange, Ga.
J. J. Toon, Proprietor Franklin Steam Printing House, Atlanta, Ga.
Rev. D. Shaver, Editor Index and Baptist, Atlanta, Ga.
W. A. Hemphill & Co., Proprietors Atlanta Constitution.

Infirmary on the corner of Collin and Baker streets. Office at Infirmary.

Bills for professional services, cash or its equivalent.

Persons writing on business will please inclose postage stamp.

For circulars, apply to

DR. W. A. HOOTEN,
or REV. J. J. HOUTEN,
Atlanta, Ga.

jun19-d3m

DRY GOODS!
STILL CHEAP!

ENTERTAINING the desire to diminish, as much as possible, the stock of Summer Goods now on hand, I have made

A STILL FURTHER REDUCTION

In my prices, in order to accomplish that object. Very great bargains will be found in the following classes of goods particularly, viz:

Grenedines in the different grades,
Printed Muslins in endless variety,
Lawns, English Barages, Solid Lawns,
Fine Organdie Muslins, white, in plain, striped and checked,
Fine Organdie Muslins printed in plain, striped and checked,
A nice assortment of Linen Lawns,
A large lot of best qualities—in French Corsets,
Irish Linens, Table Linens, Towels, etc.,
White Muslins in every variety—plain, striped and checked,
Kid Gloves,
Plain and Hemstitched Handkerchiefs,
Parasols and Fans,

At the store of JOHN KEELY,
Corner Whitehall and Hunter streets.

june19-d1w

Sealed Proposals

WILL be received until 4 o'clock Monday, 27th inst., for doing brick work (per thousand) of Wesley Chapel Church. The Committee reserving the privilege of rejecting any or all bids. Plans and specifications can be seen at Mr. W. H. Parkin's office, Alabama street, over Georgia National Bank. Proposals can be handed to either

TEN EYCK LAWSHE,
ROBT. WINSHIP,
F. P. RICE,
W. D. GROVE,
JAMES C. DAVIS,
Building Committee.

June23-d3t

The Cutoosa Springs.

THIS well-known popular place will be open for the reception of visitors, June 20th, 1870. The Proprietor will endeavor to make it a pleasant place to all who may favor him with their patronage. There is a great variety of water at this place; about 30 Springs in two acres of land.

The curative and healing qualities of these waters are well known to be equal to any in the world. They are situated in Catoosa County, Ga., about seven miles from the Tennessee Line, two miles north of the W. and A. R. R., four miles from Ringgold, five and a half from Tunnel Hill. Passengers can get out of the cars at either of the last named places, where they will find accommodating Landlords and Ladies to stop with, and conveyance to the Springs. There will be a regular line of Coaches and a Baggage Wagon from Tunnel Hill to the Springs. Visitors visiting Board had best notify the Proprietor by letter.

My Post-office will be Tunnel Hill, Ga.

Board per month.....$20 00
" " week.....5 00
" " day.....1 00
A deduction for large Families.

JOHN C. MARTIN, Proprietor.
WM. W. MARTIN, Clerk. jun23-d3aw3w

N. R. FOWLER, Auctioneer.

BOUNTY LAND WARRANT FOR SALE.

BY virtue of an order from the Court of Ordinary of DeKalb county, Georgia, will be sold on the first Tuesday in July, 1870, at the Courthouse door in the city of Atlanta, Georgia, within the legal hours of sale, Bounty Land Warrant, No. 71,111, issued from the office of the Commissioner of Pensions, Department of the Interior, United States of America, on the 4th day of June, 1855, by L. P. Noble, Commissioner, in favor of Elzey B. Reynolds, for one hundred and sixty acres of land. Sold for the benefit of Rowena C. Reynolds, widow of said Elzey B. Reynolds, and to distribute the said proceeds among the heirs of said Warrant. Terms cash. This 15th day of June, 1870.

jun23-d1awTaw3t JOHN R. WALLACE.

ATLANTA, GA., JUNE 20TH, 1870.

BY an order of court the Copartnership heretofore existing between R. F. Maddox and George Johnson is this day dissolved. George Johnson to pay all outstanding debts, and collect all accounts due the firm. Persons owing will please call and settle at once. All notes and accounts due and unsettled at dissolution of the above firm must be paid immediately.

Respectfully,
R. F. MADDOX,
GEORGE JOHNSON.

In continuing as sole Proprietor, I hope all old friends will continue their custom, and that new customers will find it to their advantage to patronize the New Depot. It shall be my constant study to study their comfort and merit their patronage.

GEORGE JOHNSON.

I hereby recommend my old friends to patronize my late partner, Mr. George Johnson. They will find him well worthy of their support.

R. F. MADDOX.

jun23-d1t

HORSE AND CATTLE REMEDIES.
The Best and most Reliable ever offered to the Public.
The American Magnetic

EQUINE CONDITION POWDERS

CERTIFICATE.

"I hereby certify, that I have examined and thoroughly tested in my practice the above articles, and regard them as preparations of great merit, and would confidently recommend them as being prepared with special care from reliable ingredients, and more efficacious for the treatment of the various diseases for which they are designed, than any remedies of which I have knowledge.

GEORGE H. DADD,
Veterinary Surgeon, Author of "Anatomy and Physiology of the Horse," "Modern Horse Doctor," &c.

Purchasers will please ask for a copy of "Horse and Cattle Owner's Guide," gratis.

"LORD & SMITH, Proprietors,
Canaan, Jun

REDWINE & FOX,
WHOLESALE AGENTS,
And for Sale by all Druggists.

mar1-dsowly

DR. JOEL BRANHAM'S
1830. B 1870.
LIVER MEDICINE.
YEISER & RAGLAND
Wholesale Druggists,
ROME, GA.
SOLE PROPRIETORS.

We have used Dr. Branham's Liver Medicine and cordially recommend it for the cure of diseases of the Liver, Chills and Fever, Headache, Dyspepsia, etc.

ALFRED IVERSON, Columbus, Ga.,
JOHN HARKINS, Rome, Ga.
S. DUNLAP, "
J. D. GREEN, "
J. MARSHALL, Madison, Ga.
R. L. COOPER, Floyd Co., Ga.
T. J. ROSS, New Orleans.
G. M. HILLYER, Vicksburg, Miss.
W. E. FENNER, Petersburg, Va.
T. H. HARWELL, Batonton, Ga.

apr30-dcod&w3m

DEMAREST & WOODRUFF
(Successors to TOMLINSON-DEMAREST Co.)
628 & 630 Broadway, N. Y.
MANUFACTURERS OF
Carriages, Buggies, &c.
Especially adapted for the Southern Roads.

OUR STOCK COMPRISES
LIGHT VICTORIAS,
PHAETONS,
CABRIOLAS,
ROCKAWAYS
And all other styles of Fine Carriages,
For one or two horses.

TOP AND NO TOP BUGGIES,
On Elliptic and Side Springs.
CONCORD BUGGIES,
MAIL HACKS & JERSEY WAGONS.

We are also Sole Manufacturers of the
WOODRUFF CONCORD BUGGY
AND
Plantation Wagon for 1, 2, 4 & 6 Horses
The best Buggy and Wagon in America for the money.

We have had an experience of thirty years in making work for the Southern States, and know exactly what is wanted to stand the roads. We invite all to send for Circulars, and parties visiting New York will specially invite to call at our Warerooms.

We solicit the trade of merchants and dealers. Illustrated Circulars, with prices, furnished by mail

A. T. DEMAREST, N. Y.
W. W. WOODRUFF, GA.

We have also opened a branch of our establishment in Atlanta, where we expect to keep a large stock and sell at very low prices.

jun24-deodly

A NEW DISCOVERY!!
PHALON'S
"VITALIA;"
OR,
Salvation for the Hair.

CLEAR AS WATER!
WITHOUT SEDIMENT!!!
OPEN TO THE LIGHT!!!

For Restoring to Gray Hair its Original Color.

PHALON'S "VITALIA" differs utterly from all the hair coloring preparations heretofore used. It is limpid, sweet smelling, precipitates no muddy or slimy matter, requires no shaking, imparts no stain to the skin. Hold it to the light and it is clear and cloudless. It leaves no mark on the scalp; yet it reproduces in gray hair the natural color that time or sickness may have bleached out of it.

☞ Phalon's Vitalia ☜

is for one sole purpose, that of reproducing, with absolute certainty, the natural color of the hair. It is not intended as a daily dressing, nor for removing scurf or dandruff; nor for curing baldness; nor for stimulating the growth of the hair.—These objects may be accomplished after the color has been fixed with the Vitalia, by Phalon's Chemical Hair Invigorator.

THE

The Daily Constitution.

Atlanta, Georgia, June 24, 1870.

Index to New Advertisements.

Mortgage Bondsman Sale—Sale & Hammon.
Proposals—R. P. Tripps.
Pony Stolen—R. A. Alston.
Partner Wanted—Job Printer.
A Few Days Longer—Samuel Grubb.
Milch Cow for Sale—A. J. Orme.
Board Wanted—M.
Railroad Contractors—J. L. Pennington.
Exemption Personalty of Thomas Roberts—R. C. Beavers.

THE second story of the Kimball House is now going up.

PARSONS, BORN & Co. are receiving fresh fish every day.

THOMPSON'S ice cream continues to be the delight of all during the "heated season."

IF you want a delicious plate of ice cream, call on G. W. Jack. It "goes down" with a devoted relish.

REV. DR. H. TUCKER, the venerable President of Mercer University, is in the city, stopping at Mrs. Overby's.

BELL & HAMMOCK will sell on the premises, at 5 o'clock this evening, 13 residence lots near L. Dean's, on the State Road.

DOYAL, NUNNALLY & TURNER have opened a law office in this city. Senator Nunnally is a member of the firm. A good firm, and a firm law.

OUR friend Gregg, at the corner of the Railroad Block, has lots of good things in his variety store. He sold out six boxes of peaches yesterday, in double quick time, at fifty cents per dozen.

AIR-LINE RAILROAD.—A passenger train will leave this morning, at 5 o'clock, for Norcross on the Air-Line Railroad. Regular trains will leave hereafter on Wednesday and Friday, at 5 o'clock, A. M. and returning leave Norcross at 4 P. M. These trains connect with the stage line to Gainesville.

WESTERN AND ATLANTIC RAILROAD }
INVESTIGATING COMMITTEE, }
THURSDAY, June 23, 1870. }

The committee met. The Journal of yesterday was read and approved.

The committee decided to proceed to the examination of the testimony as taken before them preparatory to making up their final report, until the hour of adjournment.

WARRENTON, GA., June 23, 1870.—*Mr. Local:* Our whole community was made to feel sad yesterday. Two little girls, about nine years of age, were instantly killed by lightning. One was the eldest daughter of our townsman, John R. Spence, and the other a little orphan girl, kept in his family, a near relative.

Little Rosella Spence and little Mary Hood were united in life, and are not separate in death. The afflicted family has the sympathy of the whole community. Yours, respectfully,

R. W. HUBERT.

THE eighteenth annual commencement of the "College Temple" will come off at Newnan on the 29th instant. The candidates for the degree of Magistra in Artibus are: Laura Leigh, of Coweta county; Mary Hattie Willeoxon, Sallie Maria Featherstone, Mary Catherine Wright, Alice Mand Pearce, Lou Clark Reese, of Newnan; and Mary Victoria Hornsby, of Campbell county. The Alumnæ Essay will be read by Mrs. Emma Jones Stacy, M. A., and the annual poem by C. J. Woodbury. The degrees will be conferred by President Kellogg.

CONSIGNEES PER MACON AND WESTERN RAILROAD, JUNE 23, 1870.—E Varus, James Mullin, A H Colquitt, H F Emery, W H & Co., Pemberton, Taylor & Co., A J West & Co., P & G T Dodd, M E Kenny, C F Barth, H Franklin, S A Echols, J M & J C Alexander, James R Wylie, G H & A W Force, H Banks & Son, Redwine & Fox, W G Walker, Moore & Marsh, Glenn & Wright, John Keely, Silvey & D., L. Cohen, Wm Erskine & Co., H I Kimball, D L Hill, J H Graves, N H Hand, McBride & Co., W A Landsdell, Charles Brown, P H Hand, Chapman R & Co, Adair & Bro.

THE RINK.—We learn this most pleasant of all resorts will be open to-night, and as it is now only once a month everybody should go. The weather is pleasant, and to add to this the windows will all be taken out, thus giving most free ventilation. There is nothing so pleasing and entertaining as to witness the many pretty lasses and beaux gliding with as much grace as if borne upon the wings of the sweet music discoursed by Clark's charming band.

We are all going, as there is nothing better for our Constitution than a visit to this mirth-engendering place.

DEKALB COUNTY BIBLE SOCIETY.—At the annual meeting of the DeKalb County Bible Society, the following officers were elected:

President, V. R. Tommey; Vice President, R. L. Barry; Secretary, J. L. Wilson; Depository and Treasurer, G. A. Ramspeck.

Executive Committee: M. A. Candler, J. W. Kirkpatrick, R. Swan, Rev. P. A. Hughes, and Rev. P. W. J. Echols.

A meeting will be held in the Methodist Church in Decatur, on the first Sunday night in July, when an address is expected from Rev. Luther M. Smith.

SUPREME COURT—*Evening Session*—ATLANTA, GA., June 23, 1870.—No. 30, Chattahoochee Circuit, was argued.

No. 33 was argued. It is A. C. McGehee, et al., vs. Mason J. Jones. Complaint from Muscogee.

Blandford & Thornton, Russel, for plaintiff in error.

Peabody & Brannon for defendant.

No. 34 was submitted on briefs. It is Chas. T. Holmes vs. Booher, Fee & Co. Complaint and motion for new trial from Muscogee.

No. 9 is a continued case, which had been put to the best of this Circuit. It is Martha O. Castelow vs. Frederick Meyer. Complaint from Talbot.

It was withdrawn.

That completed the Chattahoochee Circuit.

Court adjourned till 10 o'clock, A. M., to-morrow.

ATLANTA, JUNE 23, 1870—*Mr. Local:* We are frequently startled by the fire alarm, and nearly as often at inconvenient hours. More than half the alarms are false. Some false alarms are executable, others originate with bad boys, and sometimes with designing men or women. Our city officers should watch for and detect those giving false alarms, and if detected they should be severely punished.

It seems to me the Fire Department could easily agree upon a system of signals by which citizens and firemen could be notified that an alarm is false, if false it is. Under the present system, the fire bell bangs away, fire or no fire, when, if a false alarm signal was understood, by being adopted and published a few times in the city papers, the people would soon know whether an alarm was false or genuine. It is but a few moments after the bell begins to sound before the parties sounding know whether the alarm is false or not. If they find there is no cause for the alarm, they should be enabled, by a system of signals, to so inform the firemen and the people. VETERAN.

LIGHTNING RODS.—As apropos to the season, we give the instruction of Professor Henry, of the Smithsonian Institution, relative to lightning rods:

1. The rod should consist of rod iron of about one inch in diameter; its parts throughout the whole length should be in perfect metallic continuity, by being secured together by coupling ferrules.

2 To secure it from rust, the rod should be coated with black paint—itself a good conductor.

3. It should terminate in a single platinum point.

4. The shorter and more direct the course of the rod to the earth the better; buildings should be rounded and not formed in acute angles.

5. It should be fastened to the building by iron eyes, and it may be insulated from these by cylinders of glass, (I don't, however, consider the latter of much importance.)

6 The rod should be connected with the earth in the most perfect manner possible, and nothing is better for this purpose than to place it in metallic contact with the gas-pipes, or, better, the water-pipes of the city. This connection may be made by a ribbon of copper or iron soldered to the end of the rod of one of its extremities, and wrapped around the pipe at the other. If a connection of this kind is impracticable, the rod should be continued horizontally to the nearest well, and then turned vertically downward until the end enters the water at deep as its lowest level. The horizontal part of the rod may be buried in a stratum of pounded charcoal and ashes. The rod should be placed, in preference, on the west side of the building. A rod of this kind may be put up by an ordinary blacksmith. The rod in question is in accordance with our latest knowledge of the facts of electricity. Attempted improvements on it are worthless, and, as a general thing, are proposed by those who are but slightly acquainted with the subject.

Telegraph Markets.

NEW YORK, June 23.—Cotton dull and heavy; sales 800 bales; middling uplands 21¼; Orleans 21¾. Flour: State 5 20a6 80; western 5 35a6 90; Southern quiet at 6 25a10 00. Wheat 2a3c better; winter red and amber western 1 48a1 52. Corn 3a4c better; new mixed western 1 02a1 05. Oats 1c lower at 90¼a91 for new mixed. Pork 29 00a29 50. Lard quiet; steam 16¾; kettle 17¼. Whisky decidedly lower at 99¼a1 00. Rice steady; Carolina 8¼a8¾. Sugar firm. Coffee quiet. Molasses and naval stores dull. Freights quiet.

Money easy. Sterling 8¾a9¾. Gold nominal at 11¾a11¾. Governments dull. Southerns weaker in new Tennessees and firmer in new North Carolinas.

Later.—Money 3a5. Exchange remains dull and nominal. Gold—nothing doing; market closed dull and heavy. Governments dull most of the day, with slight improvement towards close. 6s 1 17; 62s 11½; 64s 11; 65s 11, new 12¾; 67s 13½; 10s 13¾; 10-40s 8. Tennessees 66½; new 64¾. Virginias 69¼. Louisianas 71¾. Levees 77¼. Stocks dull up to 2 P. M., but stronger since and advancing.

ST. LOUIS, June 23.—Flour dull; fall superfine 4 40a4 75. Corn dull but firm; mixed 83a83½. Whisky quiet at 1 04. Provisions dull. Pork 29 50a30 00. Shoulders 13¼a13¾; clear sides 17¼a17¾. Lard nominal.

CINCINNATI, June 23.—Flour dull and unchanged. Corn dull at 87a88. Whisky dull at 96a1 00. Pork held at 30 50. Lard neglected; clear sides in demand at 17½a17¾; shoulders 13.

LOUISVILLE, June 23.—Flour quiet; family 5 50. Grain nominal and unchanged. Provisions quiet and unchanged.

BALTIMORE, June 23.—Flour quiet; Howard street superfine 6 40a6 125. Wheat steady; Maryland 1 60a1 75; Pennsylvania 1 50. Corn easy; white 1 18a1 21; yellow 1 11a1 12. Oats dull at 65a68. Provisions firm and unchanged. Lard 16¾a17¼. Whisky 1 03a1 04.

NEW ORLEANS, June 23.—Flour quiet; superfine 5 75; double 6 00; treble 6 25a6 50. Corn mixed 1 02; white 1 12½a1 15. Oats firmer at 64a65c. Bran 1 05. Hay 23 00. Pork 31 25a31 50. Bacon firmer; jobbing at 14¼, 17¼, 17¾, 18¼a18¾. Hams 22a22¾. Whisky 1 00a1 10. Lard quiet; tierce 15¾, a16¾; keg 18¾a19¼. Sugar prime 11¼a11¾. Molasses 60a75. Coffee prime 17¼a17¾. Sterling 22¾. Sight ⅜c premium. Gold 12.

Cotton dull and nominal; middlings 19½; sales 1,500 bales; net receipts 218 bales; stock 80,672 bales.

MOBILE, June 23.—Cotton easier; middlings 19¼a19½; sales 600 bales; net receipts 158 bales; exports to New York 470 bales; New Orleans 200 bales; stock 29,021 bales.

GALVESTON, June 23.—Cotton firm; good ordinary 16¾a17; sales 1,500 bales; receipts 91 bales; exports to Great Britain 449 bales; stock on hand 18,758 bales.

SAVANNAH, June 23.—Cotton dull; middlings 19½; sales 100 bales; receipts 202 bales; exports, coastwise, 4 bales; stock 16,994 bales.

CHARLESTON, June 23.—Cotton dull; middlings 19½; sales 50 bales; receipts 144 bales; stock 6,624 bales.

NORFOLK, June 23.—Cotton dull; low middlings 18½a18¾; receipts 15 bales; exports coastwise 357 bales; stock 1,922 bales.

AUGUSTA, June 23.—Market easier with light offerings; sales 178 bales; receipts 22; middlings 18½; quotations nominal.

HAVRE, June 23.—Cotton opened declining; spot 116½f; afloat 117.

LIVERPOOL, June 23, evening.—Cotton irregular; uplands 10½; Orleans 10¾; sales 8,000 bales, of which 1,000 were for export and speculation. Common rosin 5s 3d.

PARIS, June 23.—Bourse opened active. Rentes 72f 85c.

LONDON, June 23, evening.—Consols 93⅜. Bonds 90¼. Tallow quiet. Sugar quiet.

Local and Business Notices.

WANTED.—A nice Boy, who can come well recommended, to attend our Soda Fountain. PEMBERTON, TAYLOR & Co.
je24-d3t

FOR SALE—A GOOD INVESTMENT.—A new and complete Soda Water Apparatus, Dow's Patent. W. H. LANSDELL,
jun23-1w 19 Whitehall street.

ONE of our house is now in Cincinnati, and is shipping the largest stock ever brought to Atlanta. Parties in need of Furniture will do well to call, as we have bought at *very low* figures, and will offer inducements to buyers. RONDEAU & Co.,
jun23 3t 15 Decatur street.

LIPPMAN'S Great German Bitters, an old German Tonic. june21-deod4waw4t

LIPPMAN'S Great German Bitters, the most delightful and effective in the world.
june21-deod4waw4t

LIPPMAN'S Great German Bitters, strengthen the debilitated. june21-deod4waw4t

LIPPMAN'S Great German Bitters strengthens the consumptive.
june21-deod4waw4t

NEW GOODS, NEW STYLES, AND LOW PRICES.—Our new stock is now coming in store. Walnut Furniture in endless variety, for sale *low* by RONDEAU & Co.,
jun23-3t 15 Decatur street.

From the Norfolk Daily Journal, Dec. 11, 1869.]

KOSKOO.—This medicine is rapidly gaining the confidence of the people, and the numerous testimonials of its virtues, given by practitioners of medicine, leaves no doubt that it is a safe and reliable remedy for impurity of the blood, liver disease, etc.

The last Medical Journal contains an article from Prof. R. S. Newton, M. D., President of the E. Medical College, city of New York, that speaks in high terms of its curative properties, and gives a special recommendation of Koskoo to the practitioners of medicine. This is, we believe, the first instance where such medicines have been officially endorsed by the Faculty of any of the medical colleges, and reflects great credit upon the skill of Dr. Lawrence, its compounder, and also puts "Koskoo" in the van of all other medicines of the present day. feb26-d&w6m

THE United States Hotel, Louisville, Kentucky, is only three blocks from a Protestant Episcopal Church.
je21-d1w

"BARRETT'S" Elegant Hair Restorative.

"BARRETT'S" is the household word.

READ "Barrett's" circular.

"BARRETT'S" is indispensable.

"BARRETT'S" received the first premium.
je21-d1w

A BRILLIANT DISCOVERY.—"Mercy is," says Shakspeare, "like the gentle dew from heaven." Phalon's Vitalia, or Salvation for the Hair, is as clear and transparent Gray hair can be graduated to any natural shade with this fluid. Of all the toilet triumphs of chemistry, this is the most important. No sediment. Sold by all druggists. june21-deod1w

TO THE AFFLICTED.—Have you Scrofula, Chronic Rheumatism, White Swellings, Cancer, Tumors, Scald Head, Ringworm, Pimples or Blotches on the face, any disease of the liver or skin, any old mercurial or syphilitic taint? Use COMPOUND EXTRACT OF STILLINGIA, and be restored to health and purity. Manufactured only by PEMBERTON, TAYLOR & Co.
june21-dtf

PHILLIPS & FLANDERS are offering Lenos, such as have been selling at 35c per yard, at 20c per yard. je18-d6t

DR. HERBEN CLAFLIN, office 606 Wabash Avenue, Chicago, Illinois, successfully treats Cancers without knife, or serious pain, in the shortest time imaginable.
juneld&w1m

"A THING OF BEAUTY IS A JOY FOREVER."—What is it? Something prepared for women only, and to be used by women exclusively. It is adapted especially to cases where the womb is disordered, and will cure all *irregularities* of the "menses" or "monthly courses," by restoring the discharge in every instance whether acute or chronic. Where is it? Dr. J. Bradfield's Female Regulator—Woman's Best Friend—is prepared and sold by L. H. Bradfield, Druggist, Atlanta, Ga., and may be bought for $1 50 per bottle at any respectable Drug House in the Union.
june21-dtf

DR. TUTT'S EXPECTORANT.—Are you using this invaluable medicine for Coughs, Colds, Asthma, Spitting of Blood, Croup, Inflammation of the Lungs or Chest, Hoarseness, Difficulty of Breathing, Bronchitis, and all diseases of the lungs attest its usefulness. For lung affections it has no equal. june21-d1w

QUESTION.—Mrs. B. wishes me to tell the ladies of Milledgeville and Dr. Crook's vicinity that

Answer.—At Mrs. Frank's, Decatur street. You will find there a full assortment of Millinery, Fancy Dry Goods, Embroideries, Hosiery, Ladies' and Misses' Shoes and Bonnets—in fact all you may call for, from a Paper of Pins to a Silk Dress. Her goods are of the latest styles, and very cheap.

PHILLIPS & FLANDERS invite special attention to their late arrival of Lenos, Japanese Cloths, Piquas, Ribbons, Shoes, etc., etc. je18-d6t

NEW GOODS at
je18-6t PHILLIPS & FLANDERS'.

CONSULT your welfare and read the advertisement headed "Bad Blood."
je5-d2m

Augusta, Ga., June 14.

McBride & Co.—Gents: Enclosed find $——, for the China I purchased of you last week. It came safely to hand—not a piece broken or scratched. All of our friends who have seen it ate highly pleased, and think very pretty and very cheap. I hope soon to send you an order for duplicates.

Did not succeed so well at first with the "Eureka," but am gradually getting at the idea of proper proportions of water and coffee. All who have tried the coffee think it a grand success, so far as the flavor and taste of the coffee is concerned. Will give it a fair trial.

Respectfully,

P. F. Campbell.

Cheapest and simplest Fruit Jar in the Market at McBride & Co.'s.
je16-dtf

PHILLIPS & FLANDERS are offering good Kid Gloves at 75c per pair. je18-d6t

PHILLIPS & FLANDERS have just received a beautiful assortment of Ladies' Dress Goods. je18-d6t

EXECUTOR'S SALE.

WILL be sold before the Court House door in the town of Franklin, Heard county, on the first Tuesday in July next, between the usual hours of sale, 20½ acres of land, more or less, No. 51, in the 11th district, of originally Carroll, now Heard county. Sold as the property of Littleton T. P. Harwell, deceased, under an order of the Superior Court of Morgan county. Terms cash.
I. S. PANNIN, Executor.
june6-w1ds

GEORGIA, Gwinnett County.
ORDINARY'S OFFICE, June 7, 1870.

W. R. THOMAS has applied for exemption of personalty and setting apart and valuation of homestead and I will pass upon the same at 10 o'clock, A. M., on the 23d day of June, 1870, at my office.
JAMES T. LAMKIN, Ordinary.
june6-d1tw2t Printers fee $3

Priscilla Hudson vs. Richard S. Robertson, Surviving Partner of Hudson & Robertson et als	Bill pending in Fulton Superior Court of Georgia, May Term, 1870.

IT appearing to the Court that the defendant, Richard S. Robertson is a non-resident of the State, and resides in the city and State of New York: It is therefore, on motion of counsel for complainant, ordered that publication be made of the pendency of said suit in the Atlanta Constitution, a public gazette, in said State, once a month for four months, next preceding the next November Term of this Court, requiring the said defendant personally or by attorney, to be and appear at the next November Term of said Court, to answer said Bill or that said Bill will be taken as to him *pro confesso*.
JAMES W. GREENE, J. S. C.,
Flint Circuit.

A true extract from the minutes of said Court, May 26, 1870.
W. R. VENABLE, Clerk.
june10-wos4m

UNIVERSAL LIFE INS. CO.
—NEW YORK—

The Original Joint-Stock Life Ins. Co. of the United States.

The business of this Company is EXCLUSIVELY confined to the Insurance of first class healthy lives.

THE DISTINCTIVE FEATURE

of the *Stock* system of Life Insurance, as opposed to the *Mutual*, is a low rate of premium for a stated sum insured, which is PERMANENT, CERTAIN and CERTAIN; in lieu of a high rate of premium with a promised dividend, which is DISTANT, CONTINGENT and UNCERTAIN; this so-called dividend being merely a return of a portion of the excessive and unnecessary premium charged in the first instance

ILLUSTRATION.

Suppose that an individual aged thirty desires to devote $200 a year for the purpose of effecting an insurance on his life; this amount will immediately secure him in the UNIVERSAL, the sum of $11,782, payable on his decease. This sum, paid to a company charging the ordinary mutual rates, would secure him the sum of $8,414—difference, *immediately secured*, in favor of the UNIVERSAL, $3,377.

To illustrate the importance to the policy-holder of low premiums in more general terms, it may be stated that by a reduction of *twenty-five* per cent. in the rate of premium, the same amount of money will secure a policy *thirty-three and one-third* per cent. greater, and likewise that a reduction of *twenty-five* per cent. in the rate of premium is precisely equivalent to an annual *cash dividend of thirty-three and one-third per cent. payable at once*, or to a dividend of *forty per cent.* payable at the end of five years.

By the *Stock* plan the *full cash effect* of the premium is immediately secured to the insured, the Company taking all the risk. By the Mutual plan the full value in insurance of the premium paid, is not secured to the policy-holder, who takes a portion of the risk himself.

THE PREMIUMS

charged by the Universal are as low as the actual experience of insured life in this country will justify, and on the ordinary Life and Ten-Year Non-forfeiture policies are nearly one-third lower than those charged by the majority of Mutual Companies.

Special attention is asked to our "*Return Premium Plan*," by which the amount of the policy is secured simply by the temporary deposit of the annual premiums, which are *returned* in full, together with the amount assured, to the holder of the policy when it shall become a claim upon the Company. Also to the

"REDUCTION OF PREMIUM PLAN,"

by which a reduction of *one-third* is made in the premium after the first annual payment, being, in fact, equivalent to a *dividend* of 33⅓ per cent. A clause is inserted in the policies issued by the "Universal," in which these results are distinctly specified and guaranteed.

Full General Agents Commissions paid to good, live solicitors. Local Agents wanted in every town and county. Address.

J. W. SHACKLEFORD,
Manager Southern Department,
Atlanta, Georgia.

WM. M. SHACKELFORD,
sep13 Agent, Atlanta, Ga.

COMMONWEALTH

LIFE INSURANCE COMPANY,

178 Broadway, New York.

OFFICERS.

F. B. MORSE, Secretary. JOHN PIERPONT, President.
J. B. PEARSON, Vice President.

SPECIAL FEATURES:

All Policies issued by the Commonwealth are incontestable from date of issue, and are free from restrictions on travel.

It permits Residence anywhere without extra charge.

All Policies are non-forfeitable, and participate in the profits of the Company unless otherwise specified.

Dividends annually upon all Policies that have been in force a full year, and are available on payment of the next annual premium.

DR. GEO. G. CRAWFORD, Medical Examiner. G. I. THOMAS & SON,
Managers Southern Department, No. 81 Whitehall street, Atlanta, Ga.

Liberal inducements to Agents and Solicitors.

FIRE INSURANCE.

Howard Insurance Company of New York.

Cash Capital $500,000; Surplus, $275,470 61; Total, $775,470 61.

CHARTERED IN 1825.

THEO. KEELER, Secretary. SAM'L T. SKIDMORE, President.
WM. R. SKIDMORE, Assistant Secretary. HENRY A. OAKLEY, Vice Pres.

Virginia Home Insurance Company.

Invested Capital, $300,000; $30,000 State Bonds Deposited with Comptroller of the State of Georgia.

DAVID J. BURR, Secretary. D. I. HARTSOOK, President.

Buildings, Merchandise and Furniture insured against loss or damage by fire, in the above reliable Companies, on the most favorable terms. Losses equitably adjusted and promptly paid.

G. I. THOMAS & SON, Agents, No. 82 Whitehall St.
june1-d3m

HOWELL GANO & CO.,
Hardware Merchants,
138 WALNUT STREET. CINCINNATI.

HARDWARE, CUTLERY AND GUNS.
HOWELL GANO & CO.
138 Walnut Street, - - - - Cincinnati, Ohio.
apr17-dsm3m

P. DODD. G. T. DODD. W. J. TANNER

P. & G. T. DODD & CO.,
Wholesale Grocers and Provision Dealers,
CORNER WHITEHALL AND MITCHELL STS., ATLANTA, GA.

WE have now on hand a large and well selected Stock of Family Groceries, consisting in part of Coffees Sugars Bacon, Lard, Flour, Molasses and Syrup. Mackeral in Barrels, Half Barrels and Kits. Also, a Fresh lot

DRUM FISH AND LAKE SHAD.

We have a Large Stock of all Grades Flour, among which is Stewart & Austin's *F. F. F.—F. F.* and Family, all of which we offer to the Trade

CHEAP FOR CASH.
may22-d3m

New York, Philadelphia and Baltimore.
COME TO ATLANTA!

H. K. SHACKLEFORD,
Wholesale Liquor Dealer,
NO. 8, SOUTH BROAD, - - - ATLANTA, GA.,
Sole Agent for J. F. Tobias & Co.'s
Fine Wines, Brandies, Whiskies, Gins, Etc.

WILL duplicate any bill of pure PROOF LIQUORS bought in any of the above mentioned markets and will examine my stock before purchasing. Being

THE BEST AND PUREST LIQUORS IN THE SOUTH,
They Are also the Cheapest.

Orders from Dealers throughout Georgia and Alabama promptly filled.
apr16-d3m

$1,000 RAFFLE.

THE Raffle for the Premium Bed Room Set, valued at $1,000, will take place, without fail,

TUESDAY, JUNE 21ST,

at 1 o'clock, P. M., 1870, at Granite Block, Broad street. Gentlemen who have taken numbers will please call immediately at my store and receive their tickets. Any person wishing tickets can be supplied by calling immediately, as we have a few left.
june9-dtf W. K. FOX.

THE SECOND VOLUME OF
A. H. STEPHENS

GREAT History of the War is now ready. Agents wanted. Send for circular, with terms and a full description of the work. Address National Publishing Co., Philadelphia, Pa., Atlanta, Ga., or St. Louis, Mo. june2-d1m

A Good Place to Stop.

NEWNAN, GEORGIA, a city of 5,000 inhabitants, over 30 good business houses, ships 2,000 bales of Cotton and has a first-class Hotel,

KEPT BY WM. HAMMIT,
AND MRS. E. WOOTON.
Enquire of the NEW BRICK.
mar31-d1y

J. W. GAUT,
Produce and Commission
MERCHANT.
Knoxville, - - Tennessee.

PURCHASES ON ORDER Wheat, Corn, Oats, Hay, Flour, Bacon, Lard, Butter, Dried Fruit, Feathers, etc., etc.

Refers to all the principal merchants in Georgia. J. W. GAUT.
june16-d3m

HAVING FITTED UP A FIRST-CLASS
Machine Shop,
IN KNOXVILLE,

We are prepared to make to order

Sash, Blinds, Doors,
—AND—
MOLDING,

In the best style and at prices to suit the times. All ORDERS PROMPTLY FILLED and shipped to any point on the different railroads leading out of Knoxville.
TARWATER & AMBROSE,
june16-d3m Knoxville, Tennessee.

Lime! Lime! Lime!

CHOICE WHITE LIME by barrel or car load. Also, Produce of all kinds.

For sale by CHARLES F. BENSON,
Commission Merchant,
june13-dtf No. 15 North Forsyth Street.

PRETZFELDER & LAUER,
NO. 46,
Whitehall St., Atlanta, Ga

WOULD respectfully call the attention of their Friends, and the Public, to their Large Stock of Dry Goods, which they have just received, consisting of

BLACK AND COLORED SILKS,
JAPANESE SILKS AND POPLINS,
GRENADINES, MOZAMBIQUES,
IRON GRENADINES and BERAGES
BLACK AND COLORED ALPACAS,
TARLETANS, ORGANDIES,
MARSEILLES, PIQUES, ETC.
ALSO,

A Fine Stock of Oil Cloths, Mattings, Table Linens, Towels, Napkins, etc., which they will offer at greatly reduced prices, making it to the interest of the Purchaser to call and examine their Stock.

No. 46, Whitehall Street.
may14-d3m

Fine Coffin Warerooms
On Broad Street, Atlanta, Ga.

CONSTANTLY on hand a large lot of Fine METALLIC CASES. Also a large number of Walnut and Poplar Coffins. In connection with the Warerooms there is a fine HEARSE, also Carriages for attending Funerals.

Prompt attendance guaranteed to all orders. WM. WOOD,
june2-dly Broad street, Atlanta, Ga.

TAKE NOTICE.

GOODS at Cost by T. R. RIPLEY. In another week I am moving my Crockery to Cotsworth Grant's Block, Peachtree street, I will for a short time, sell Goods at Cost for Cash, in lots to suit Purchasers.

Look out for Bargains, everybody.
june17-d1w

RAILROAD SCHEDULES.

WESTERN AND ATLANTIC RAILROAD.—W. J. BROOKETT, Superintendent; A. L. HARRIS, Master of Transportation.

DAY PASSENGER TRAIN.

Leaves Atlanta	7 30 P M
Arrives at Chattanooga	3 30 A M
Leaves Chattanooga	7 30 P M
Arrives at Atlanta	4 14 A M

DAY PASSENGER TRAIN, No. 2.

Leaves Atlanta	8 35 A M
Arrives at Chattanooga	4 30 P M
Leaves Chattanooga	4 40 P M
Arrives at Atlanta	1 11 P M

CARTERSVILLE ACCOMMODATION.

Leaves Atlanta	5 30 P M
Arrives at Cartersville	8 11 P M
Leaves Cartersville	6 00 A M
Arrives at Atlanta	9 00 A M

ATLANTA & WEST POINT RAILROAD.—Fare—Per mile—Jno. P. King, President; L. P. Grant, Superintendent; E. M. Farman, Agent at Atlanta:

DAY PASSENGER TRAIN.

Leave Atlanta	8:30 A. M.
Arrive at West Point	12:30 P. M.
Leave West Point	12:45 P. M.
Arrive at Atlanta	5:30 P. M.

NIGHT PASSENGER AND PASSENGER TRAIN.

Leave Atlanta	2:00 P. M.
Arrive at West Point	6:00 P. M.
Leave West Point	6:00 A. M.
Arrive at Atlanta	10:00 A. M.

SUPERINTENDENT'S OFFICE, GEORGIA RAILROAD COMPANY, AUGUSTA, GA., May 13th, 1870.—On and after Sunday, 15th instant, the Passenger Trains on the Georgia Railroad will run as follows:

DAY PASSENGER TRAIN.
(Sunday Excepted.)

Leave Augusta	7.35 A M
Leave Atlanta	7.40 A M
Arrive at Augusta	5.45 P M
Arrive at Atlanta	7.10 P M

NIGHT PASSENGER TRAIN.

Leave Augusta	8.30 P M.
Leave Atlanta	5.45 P M.
Arrive at Augusta	4.00 A M
Arrive at Atlanta	8.00 A M.

S. K. JOHNSON, Supt.

Atlanta, Athens, Madison, Covington and Greensboro' papers copy. may14-dtf

MACON & WESTERN RAILROAD.—One Dollar Fare. Five cents per mile—A. J. WHITE, President; R. R. CRAIG, Agent at Atlanta; H. W. BROWNE, Master Transportation; W. A. FULLER, General Ticket Agent.

DAY PASSENGER TRAIN.

Leave Atlanta	7.55 A M
Arrive at Macon	1.40 P M
Leave Macon	7.55 A M
Arrive at Atlanta	3.10 P M

NIGHT PASSENGER TRAIN.

Leave Atlanta	7.15 P M
Arrive at Macon	1.30 A M
Leave Macon	2.30 P M
Arrive in Atlanta	8.00 A M

SOLOMONS' BITTERS!

This Great Tonic
WILL BE SUPPLIED TO THE TRADE
At the Proprietors' Prices,
BY THE FOLLOWING HOUSES:
REDWINE & FOX, Druggists,
W. A. LANSDELL, Druggist,
PEMBERTON, TAYLOR & CO., Druggists,
L. COHEN & CO.,
Dealers in Wines, Liquors, etc.
A. A. SOLOMONS & CO.,
PROPRIETORS,
Savannah, - - - Georgia.
may21-d1m

The Celebrated Home Shuttle.

$25. $37.

THE best for family use and every kind of work. Has the latest improved attachments, and is warranted for five years.

The Best and Cheapest Lock-Stitch Machine in the city.
Mrs. M. L. WHEELER, Agent,
may18-deodly No. 68 Whitehall Street.

SEASON, 1870.

MONTVALE SPRINGS,
Blount County, East Tennessee.

THIS favorite Summer Resort for the invalid and pleasure-seeker will be open for the reception of visitors, JUNE 1st, 1870.

The most marked beneficial results attending the use of these waters, in functional derangements of the Liver, Bowels, Kidneys and Skin, and the cure of Chronic Diseases, attest the Medical Properties of these Waters.

Situated at the base of the Chilhowee Mountains, it presents the strongest attractions to both the invalid and the pleasure seeker, no less on account of its invigorating atmosphere and the beauty of the surrounding scenery, than of the Restorative Powers of its waters.

Such provision has been made for the Comfort of visitors, that the Proprietor confidently promises satisfaction to his guests.

Daily Coaches, with mail and passengers, run between Maryville, the terminus of the Railroad from Knoxville, and the Springs, distant nine miles, over good roads.

Board per day $2 50; per week $15 00; per month $50 00.

Address, for descriptive pamphlets,
JOS. L. KING, Proprietor,
june15-d3m Knoxville, Tennessee.

For Rent,

A NEW COTTAGE of seven rooms, with servants' house, situated on Collins street, only one block from and in full view of City Park. A desirable place. Apply to J. G. PECK,
june16-d1w Office of New Hotel.

TWO DELIGHTFUL NEW MUSIC BOOKS.
Pianoforte Gems.

A NEW COLLECTION of the latest favorite Nocturnes, Waltzes, Polkas, Marches, Mazourkas, Redowas, Four-Hand Pieces, Quadrilles, etc., just issued in one book complete.

THE WREATH OF GEMS.

A New Collection of the most popular Songs, Ballads and Duets, of the day, will be issued for the Planoforte, Price of each, Boards, $2.50. Cloth, $3.00. Cloth, full gilt, $4.00. Sent post-paid on receipt of price. DITSON & CO., Publishers, 277 Washington Street, Boston. 711 Broadway, New York. june15-d3w

JOHNSON HOUSE,
By Mrs. Dr. Johnson,
Kingston, Georgia.
june21-dtf

Chattahoochee House,
WEST POINT, GA.

THIS well known Railroad Dinner House has recently undergone thorough repairs, and the Proprietor is now prepared to accommodate his guests than formerly.

The Bar is supplied with the choicest Wines, Liquors and Cigars.
may22-dtf W. L. WILLIAMS.

LOST,

A BLACK LETTER BOOK, containing a few business letters. Railroad passes, and two notes payable to me. The book is worthless to anyone except myself. If left at the Atlanta Ice House, the finder will be liberally rewarded.
june16-d1w P. PELHAM.

FOR SALE.

THE one-fifth interest of the late L. D. Lellerstedt in the Printing and Publishing Establishment of the Augusta Constitutionalist. This very valuable interest can be had on reasonable terms for cash.

Apply to Mrs. A. F. Lellerstedt, Executrix, Bernalia, Ga., or her Attorney at Law,
JAMES K. HOOK,
june22-6sun7w Augusta, Ga.

MERCHANDISE TO EXCHANGE FOR REAL ESTATE.

$5,000 WORTH of Dry Goods, Notions, Trimmings, etc., at New York prices and costs, for good renting property in Atlanta or Macon at Cash prices. Address EXCHANGE BOX 124,
June8-dtf Atlanta P. O.

Carpets and Curtains.

OIL CLOTHS AND MATTINGS,
WINDOW SHADES AND CORNICES,
RUGS, MATS, ETC., ETC.

Closing out our immense Stock at a vast reduction in price. S. S. KENDRICK & SON,
june8-dtf Marietta St., Atlanta, Ga.

Important Notice.

BY the death of the late Hon. HENRY CLAY D. MILLER, his HARRY MILLER, who is at present engaged in selling Old Farms or Fixtures, somewhere in Georgia or Alabama, has fallen heir, by will, to the estate of Judge Miller, valued at about

Ten Million Dollars.

The last heard from Mr. Miller he had left Savannah for Atlanta, or some of the cities in Georgia or Alabama. If this meets his eye, he will please confer immediately with J. R. SIMONS,
june15-d1w 51 Chambers Street, New York.

DOOLEY'S BAKING POWDER

This Yeast Powder is convenient, economical and wholesome. Try it, if you wish to prove its superiority not only over other Baking Powders, but as the common methods of raising dough, for making finer, sweeter and nutritious Biscuit, Rolls, Corn Bread, Buckwheat, and other griddle cakes, and Cakes and Pastry of every variety. Put up in one, net weight, as represented.

For sale by Grocers throughout the United States.

Manufactured by
DOOLEY & BROTHER, Proprietors,
29 New Street, New York.
may5-d1w1wice-thur-sat

Money! Money!

THE Right of Skating Rink for the City of Savannah, Georgia, with one hundred pairs Skates, nearly all in good order, can be bought for cash, or exchange for approved Real Estate anywhere in the State.

Apply to WALLACE & FOWLER,
Real Estate Agents,
june16-d10t Atlanta, Georgia.

P. F. SCHLEY, M. D.,
HOMEOPATHIST,

OFFERS his services to the citizens of Atlanta. Office, (over) 41 Whitehall street. Office hours, 8 to 10 A. M., and 6 to 7 P. M. Residence at Mrs. Larendon's, Hunter street. june1-d1m

The Daily Constitution.

Agents for the Constitution.

The following gentlemen are regularly authorized, as local Agents, to receive and receipt for subscriptions to THE CONSTITUTION, at the following places:

J. W. BOYD, Greenville, Ga.
O. W. TRIMMIER, Ringgold, Ga.
J. B. AVERRA, Fayetteville, Ga.
W. H. STARNELL, Warrenton, Ga.
JOE MCCONNELL, Calhoun, Ga.
JUDGE T. O. JACOBS, Forsyth, Ga.
ROCKWOOD CUMMINGS, Depot Agt, Palmetto, Ga.
Col. J. H. LOGAN, Griffin, Ga.
W. A. JONES, West Point, Ga.
KNOTT & NOLAN, McDonough, Ga.
O. P. SKELTON, Alpharetta, Ga.
WARREN & KEMP, Albany, Ga.
R. C. BEAVERS, Campbellton, Ga.
JAS. T. TAMMIN, Lawrenceville, Ga.
C. A. DUNWOODY, Roswell Factory, Ga.
THOMAS SHAW, Notasulga, Ala.
J. W. BRYSON, Powder Springs, Ga.
H. H. FREAR, Kingston, Ga.
V. L. ROBERTSON, Cleveland, Ga.
JOHN W. MCCURDY, Stone Mountain, Ga.
REV. W. J. SCOTT, Acworth.

A HYMN OF PRAISE.

When leans the young morning through curtains of dawn
To lay her soft kiss on my eyes,
Ere the morning star dies and the sunlight comes on,
My song to my Saviour shall rise.

Ere yet the wild joy of the day-breaking rings,
Or carols the lark from the sod,
My praises arise on devotional wings
Unto Thee, unto Thee, oh my God!

While lingers the sun on the margins of night,
Half lifting his pinions of flame,
In the joy of redemption my spirit takes flight,
As she sounds the sweet charm of thy name.

Ascending in love while the universe sleeps,
To meet her Redeemer alone,
A harvest of heavenly moments she reaps,
And lays the first fruits at His throne.

No more shall her tears be her bitter repast
No more shall she famish in fear!
O! why should a child of the bridechamber fast,
While JESUS, the bridegroom, is near?

Oh, thus, when I wake to eternity's dawn,
I'll shout, as I hasten on high,
Salvation! Salvation! the night-time is gone—
The day-spring illumines the sky.

Meriwether County—Crops—Agriculture—Labor—Railroad.

Correspondence of The Atlanta Constitution.]

LUTHERVILLE, GA., June 17, 1870.

Editors Constitution: As Meriwether is no unimportant county, we presume that some intelligence therefrom would not be entirely uninteresting to you or your readers.

Crops generally good. Wheat, which is now being threshed, is turning out more bushels per acre than it did last year—a few planters making over forty bushels per acre. The oat crop was smartly injured by the May droughs; yet we have noticed some fields that promise a good yield, and we learn that enough will be harvested to lessen greatly the demand for corn until the latter is made. Corn has a healthy color, and has advanced rapidly in growth since the beginning of the late frequent showers. The "latter rain" will insure a full crop. Peas are up and flourishing. Cotton is now promising, yet, should the rains continue without longer and warmer sunshine, it will be materially injured.

Wonderful change here in the agricultural system. Shallow preparation, deep culture, non-fertilization, and up-and-down-hill plowing is fast giving place to the new and improved system of deep and thorough breaking, shallow cultivation, fertilizing and leveling.

Labor is not so plentiful, efficient and reliable as it would be if the employer class were actuated more by benevolence and honor than they are by selfishness, avarice, envy and rascality. We need concerted action in this respect, based upon the good principles contained in these words—"Therefore, all things whatsoever ye would that men should do to you, do ye even so to them."

There are enough blacks in the country to supply the demand for labor—to till every acre that would pay—if all who should be in the fields could be induced thither. Negro women and half-grown children, as a general thing, will not "work out" regularly—a large number not at all.

We omitted to state, in connection with plant crops, that the incoming nigger crop in this section promises to be a total failure.

The more enterprising spirits of the county are taking a lively interest at this time in a railroad project from Newnan to Americus. We learn that a Convention, composed of delegates from the several counties, mostly interested in the proposed road, was held at Geneva, Talbot county, on the 15th, and that said Convention resolved to push it to completion. It is to be hoped that Meriwether, untouched as she is by railway, will move up in strong force to aid in building an enterprise that will have the effect to increase her population with public-spirited citizens and good laborers; to build up her villages, develop her resources, and restore to her that prosperity and wealth she had in the glorious past. J. L. S.

Affairs in Warren County—Crops—Fatal Policy of Planters—The Military—Politics.

Special Correspondence Atlanta Constitution.]

WARRENTON, GA., June 21, 1870.

Editors Constitution: We still occupy our place on the map of the world; and whatever may have been our reputation heretofore, a more quiet and peaceable village cannot be found in Middle Georgia. We have no Sheriff, and have no use for one; and if we cannot have a different kind from the last one we had, we prefer to remain without a Sheriff the balance of life.

Our county has had abundance of rain. Some wheat, left on the ground after cutting, has sprouted, and is lost, except for stock. Why will not farmers stack their wheat and cap it, so rains won't injure it? Sad experience ought to teach them something. Wheat crops in this county were fine. Corn is growing rapidly under the genial influences of rain and cloudy days. Cotton looks well, and if the rains don't give the grass the advantage, a large yield will be forthcoming. The only trouble I perceive, in the agricultural interest of the county and country, is too much cotton and too little corn planted. Experence ought to teach us a lesson here. Last year there was a good crop of cotton made in the county. From 22 to 23 cents were realized for it, and it brought a large amount of money to the county, but it could not remain here. It had to be paid out for provisions and stock. The cry now comes from all quarters—hard times—money scarce, and provisions not near enough. A change must come or we are ruined. Will not some of the agricultural associations take the matter in hand, and secure more breadstuffs raised in the country, by suitable premiums for crops properly proportioned as to cotton and grain? I believe something can be done, and ought to be.

The jury box in this county was revised upon the 1st Monday in June. I understand the 15th Amendment was excluded under the law.

Our county is healthy, farmers hard at work, freedmen doing well.

The military stationed here have nothing to do. They are behaving themselves with becoming propriety, and no one objects to their presence, and I think they are satisfied to remain.

We hear of no politics here. We have forgotten about the Georgia bill; don't know where Governor Bullock is, but guess he is after the $25,000 you owe him. What a price for so small a thing! Where is Burnett? Is the State Road gone? Has the Investigating Committee come down from Lookout Mountain? Did they find any whitewashing material up there? Has Atlanta been exhausted? What next?

Yours truly, ORD.

☞ It is patent that this Congress will not pass a general amnesty. It dare not. The signs of the times are all that the North will send a Democratic majority to the next House; and, in view of such a probability, how can the loil be expected to renounce the surreptitious members from the South? Whitemore, Porter and that breed generally are now the mainstay of Radicalism. Carpet-baggery is in its last ditch.—*N. Y. World.*

☞ This is to be a wonderful year in Holland—for this is the year of the blue tulip. A prediction exists that in 1870 some successful horticulturist will raise a blue tulip, and a prize of many thousand francs awaits the producer of the rare flower. Already there are some 600 different kinds of tulips in Holland.

Railroads.

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READ THE FOLLOWING CERTIFICATES. Hundreds of others could be given. See what Col. Calhoun says: When a young man, I resided in one of the malarious districts of Mississippi, and while there contracted Liver disease, from which I have suffered ever since. I have tried, I believe, all Liver Medicines, and do not hesitate to say that Dr. Ed. Smith's Liver Tonic is, by far, superior to anything I have ever tried. J. LAWRENCE CALHOUN, Newnan, Ga.

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